User manual

NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W

netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master EtherCAT Slave

Hilscher Gesellschaft für Systemautomation mbH
www.hilscher.com

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<td>140</td>
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1 Introduction

1.1 About this document

This document describes the netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master EtherCAT-Slave **NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W** device.

1.2 List of revisions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Revision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2022-01-31</td>
<td>Document created.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2022-02-25</td>
<td>Product released.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Communication: Section MQTT topics [page 100] corrected.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 1: List of revisions*
2 Device description

2.1 Functional description

The IO-Link Wireless Master NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device is intended for use within an EtherCAT network.

The device enables the operation of up to 16 IO-Link Devices via a wireless connection. An IO-Link Device could be an IO-Link sensor/actuator.

Parameterization, configuration

- The device is parameterized via EtherCAT. The device stores the parameters.
- Alternatively, the IO-Link Wireless Master and the wireless IO-Link ports of the device can be configured using the integrated netFIELD Wireless Web Server. The netFIELD Wireless Web Server enables you to parameterize the IO-Link Devices connected via a wireless connection to the IO-Link Wireless Master device.
- Or, you can use the IO-Link engineering tool “IO-Link E.T.” to configure the IO-Link Wireless Master and the wireless IO-Link ports of the device, as well as IO-Link Devices parameters based on IODD file.
- OPC UA Server is also integrated and offers identification, and status.
- The device provides MQTT topics for device identification, device capabilities, configuration status, address data, process data, event logs or device parameters.

For further information see section Configuration tools [page 23].
2.2 Device overview

Manufacturer, product identification, and technical data can be found on the device housing as laser engravings.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Pos.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>For details, see section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethernet</td>
<td>(32)</td>
<td>X31</td>
<td>Ethernet interface, M12, D-coded, EtherCAT port 1 (CH0)</td>
<td>Ethernet [↑ page 11]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(10)</td>
<td>X32</td>
<td>Ethernet interface, M12, D-coded, EtherCAT port 2 (CH1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(30)</td>
<td>L/A (X31)</td>
<td>Link/Activity LED for connector X31</td>
<td>EtherCAT Slave status [↑ page 112]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(31)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>LED without function</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(28)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>LED without function</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(29)</td>
<td>L/A (X32)</td>
<td>Link/Activity LED for connector X32</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(9)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Labeling fields Ethernet interfaces X31 and X32</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEDs</td>
<td>(34)</td>
<td>SYS</td>
<td>System status LED</td>
<td>System LED [↑ page 110]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(33)</td>
<td>APL</td>
<td>Application status LED</td>
<td>APL LED [↑ page 111]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(7)</td>
<td>RUN</td>
<td>Run status LED</td>
<td>EtherCAT Slave status [↑ page 112]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(8)</td>
<td>ERR</td>
<td>Error status LED</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power supply</td>
<td>(25)</td>
<td>X21</td>
<td>Power supply input (PWR IN), M12, L-coded</td>
<td>Power supply [↑ page 11]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(13)</td>
<td>X22</td>
<td>Power supply output (PWR OUT), M12, L-coded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(12)</td>
<td>1L (X21)</td>
<td>1L supply voltage status LED (DC 24 V)</td>
<td>Supply voltage status [↑ page 111]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(14)</td>
<td>2L (X21)</td>
<td>2L supply voltage status LED (DC 24 V)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(11)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Labeling fields power supply input X21 and output X22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antenna connectors and</td>
<td>(23)</td>
<td>X1</td>
<td>Connector for SMA antenna for IO-Link wireless connection to the IO-Link</td>
<td>IO-Link, SMA antenna [↑ page 12]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEDs for IO-Link wireless</td>
<td>(16)</td>
<td>X2</td>
<td>Connector for SMA antenna for IO-Link wireless connection to the IO-Link</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>radio module</td>
<td>(21)</td>
<td>X3</td>
<td>Connector for SMA antenna</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(22),</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Labeling fields SMA antennas X1, X2, and X3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(20)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(24)</td>
<td>WT1</td>
<td>IO-Link wireless track status LEDs</td>
<td>Wireless track status [↑ page 114]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>WT3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(15)</td>
<td>WP01</td>
<td>Port status LEDs for wireless IO-Link ports WP01 … WP08</td>
<td>Wireless port status [↑ page 114]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>WP08</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(17)</td>
<td>WP09</td>
<td>Port status LEDs for wireless IO-Link ports WP09 … WP16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>WP16</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device identification</td>
<td>(26)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>QR code</td>
<td>Identification [↑ page 10]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(27)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Product group and model</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(35)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Logo communication field bus</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(36)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Part number, model, serial number, MAC address</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(19)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Device labeling field</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer</td>
<td>(37)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Manufacturer address</td>
<td>Contacts [↑ page 140]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical data</td>
<td>(1),</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Space for certification signs and IDs</td>
<td>Technical data [↑ page 118]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(5)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Power supply (SELV / PELV), fuse protection, temperature range, protection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety and disposal</td>
<td>(2),</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Signs on safety and environment (disposal)</td>
<td>Mounting and demounting [↑ page 17]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounting</td>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Mounting hole and grounding</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(18)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Mounting hole</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2: Legend to the device overview, NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM/W
2.3 Product software

All the information and software you need for your product can be downloaded free of charge at the web-link
https://kb.hilscher.com/display/NFDIOLWM

- Select the link for the current release for the product software.

After the download, you can start commissioning and configuring your device immediately.
- Check our website regularly for software updates for your product.

2.4 Revisions and versions

The hardware revision listed below, as well as the software and firmware versions belong together functionally. If a hardware installation is available, for the firmware update these specifications are relevant.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Part number</th>
<th>Hardware revision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W</td>
<td>netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master EtherCAT Slave</td>
<td>1912.112</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3: Hardware

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Software</th>
<th>Version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>netFIELD Wireless Web Server</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IO-Link ET</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 4: Software

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Protocol</th>
<th>File name</th>
<th>Note</th>
<th>Version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EtherCAT Slave</td>
<td>U197F001.nxi, U197F001.nxe, U197F001.nai</td>
<td>nxi for COM CPU, with nxe for extension, nai for APP CPU</td>
<td>2.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 5: Firmware netFIELD device

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IO-Link Wireless Master stack</td>
<td>8.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radio module revision</td>
<td>2.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 6: IO-Link Wireless Master
2.5 Identification

On the front side of the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device housing a QR code is provided for device identification.

Figure 2: QR code (example)

The QR code includes product identification data in two lines:

1st line (with example data):
- Part number: 1912.122
- Character "R" and hardware revision number: R4
- Serial number: 020000
- MAC ID: 00-02-A2-02-20-E3

2nd line: URL link to product homepage

Example:
1912.122 R4 20000 00-02-A2-02-20-E3
https://www.hilscher.com/netfield/netfield-device/

To find the QR code in the device overview, see position (26) in section Device overview [page 7].
2.6 Connectors and interfaces

2.6.1 Power supply

Connectors X21 and X22

The device is supplied via connector X21 (PWR IN). You can connect two supply lines to the connector:

- Supply line 1: 1L+ (U_{1L}) and the reference potential 1L-
- Supply line 2: 2L+ (U_{2L}) and the reference potential 2L-

Both supply lines are electrically isolated.

Each pin of connector X21 (PWR IN) is connected to the same pin of socket X22 (PWR OUT) and is used to forward the supply to the next device.

For identifying the connector X21 of the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device, see position (25), and connector X22, see position (13) in section Device overview [\page 7].

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Supply voltage input</th>
<th>Supply voltage output</th>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Signal</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M12, L-coded, plug, 5-pin (4 + FE)</td>
<td>M12, L-coded, socket, 5-pin (4 + FE)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1L+</td>
<td>24 V DC supply voltage U_{1L} for system and sensor/actuator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2L-</td>
<td>Reference potential for 2L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1L-</td>
<td>Reference potential for 1L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2L+</td>
<td>24 V DC auxiliary/control voltage U_{2L}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>FE</td>
<td>FE</td>
<td>Functional earth</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 7: Supply voltage

2.6.2 Ethernet

- Connector X31 for Ethernet interface port 1 (CH0)
- Connector X32 for Ethernet interface port 2 (CH1)

For identifying the connector X31 of the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device, see position (32), and connector X32, see position (10) in section Device overview [\page 7].

Connectors X31 and X32

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ethernet</th>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Signal</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M12, D-coded, socket, 4-pin</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>TX+</td>
<td>Transmit data positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>RX+</td>
<td>Receive data positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>TX–</td>
<td>Transmit data negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>RX–</td>
<td>Receive data negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 8: Ethernet
2.6.3 IO-Link, SMA antenna

With the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device, two tracks with each up to 8 and together up to 16 IO-Link Devices simultaneously can be supported.

**IO-Link Devices**

The type of data transferred (length and data type, etc.) depends on the connected IO-Link Devices.

**SMA antenna**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Antenna SMA</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wifi Antenna 2.4G rubber antenna, Model: TLW2.5A-SMA-Male</td>
<td>Bandwidth: 1000 MHz Impedance: 50 Ohms</td>
<td>Silram Technologies Ltd., Kfar Saba, Israel</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 9: SMA antenna type*

**Important:**

The use of an SMA antenna other than the SMA antenna supplied with the product is not permitted. This could result in losing the approval for your device. For proper device operation, all three SMA antennas X1, X2, and X3 must be mounted.

2.7 Derating

Note the derating when using the netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master device, when you connect a device to Power Out at the device and thus a larger current is passed through the device. The ambient temperature and the current have influence on the heating of the device.

The derating curve was created with the operating conditions "without air flow or with air flow 0.5 m/s" as well as "mounting on poorly heat conducting wall". The real operating conditions can lead to a better heat dissipation of the device for example by a higher air flow or a better heat dissipation to the mounting wall.

The following figure shows the maximum permissible current (I) that may flow into the device as a function of the ambient temperature (T).
3 Safety

3.1 General note

The documentation in the form of a user manual, an operating instruction manual or other manual types, as well as the accompanying texts have been created for the use of the products by qualified personnel. When using the products, all Safety Messages, Integrated Safety Messages, Property Damage Messages and all valid legal regulations must be obeyed. Technical knowledge is presumed. The user has to assure that all legal regulations are obeyed.

3.2 Intended use

The device netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master EtherCAT Slave NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W is used to receive or send process data via IO-Link:

- The IO-Link Wireless Master device receives process data from the connected IO-Link Device (sensor) and sends this data to a higher-level control system.
- The IO-Link Wireless Master device sends process data received from the higher-level control system to the connected IO-Link Device (actuator).

3.3 Personnel qualification

The device may only be mounted, configured, operated or demounted by qualified personnel. Job-specific technical skills for people professionally working with electricity must be present concerning the following topics:

- Safety and health at work
- Mounting and connecting of electrical equipment
- Measurement and analysis of electrical functions and systems
- Evaluation of the safety of electrical systems and equipment
- Installing and configuring IT systems
3.4 Power drop during write and delete accesses in the file system

The FAT file system in the netX firmware is subject to certain limitations in its operation. Write and delete accesses in the file system (firmware update, configuration download etc.) can destroy the FAT (File Allocation Table) if the accesses cannot be completed if the power drops. Without a proper FAT, a firmware may not be found and cannot be started.

- Make sure that the power supply of the device does not drop during write and delete accesses in the file system (firmware update, configuration download etc.).

3.5 Exceeding the maximum number of permitted write and delete accesses

This device uses a serial flash chip to store remanent data such as firmware storage, configuration storage, etc. This device allows a maximum of 100,000 write/delete accesses that are sufficient for standard operation of the device. However, writing/deleting the chip excessively (e.g. changing the configuration or changing the name of station) leads to the maximum number of permitted write/delete accesses being exceeded and to device damage. For example, if the configuration is changed once an hour, the maximum number is reached after 11.5 years. If the configuration is changed even more frequently, for example once a minute, the maximum number is reached after approx. 69 days.

Avoid exceeding the maximum permitted write/delete accesses by writing too often.

3.6 Information and data security

Take all usual measures for information and data security, in particular, for devices with Ethernet technology. Hilscher explicitly points out that a device with access to a public network (Internet) must be installed behind a firewall or only be accessible via a secure connection such as an encrypted VPN connection. Otherwise, the integrity of the device, its data, the application or system section is not safeguarded.

Hilscher cannot assume any warranty or liability for damage due to neglected security measures or incorrect installation.
### 4 Getting started

Below you will find an overview of the steps required for installation and commissioning of your IO-Link Wireless Master device:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Refer to section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Requirements and preparation** | · Prepare the device installation and commissioning according to the requirements on hardware, system, and software.  
· Prepare the required mounting tools. | **Requirements** [† page 16]  
**Mounting** [† page 17] |
| **Safety** | · Read the mounting instructions and the safety instructions on connecting and commissioning the device.  
· Disconnect the system to which the device will be mounted from the power supply. | **Mounting** [† page 17] |
| **Mounting** | · Mark the positions to fasten the device with screws and cut the M4 holes.  
· Fasten the device with the screws.  
· Ground the device.  
· Mount all three SMA antennas. | **Mounting** [† page 17]  
**Grounding** [† page 19] |
| **Connecting and booting** | · Connect the Ethernet M12 cable to the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM/W device and to the PLC (EtherCAT Master).  
· Connect the +24 V DC SELV or PELV power supply to the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM/W device.  
· Connect the +24 V DC SELV or PELV power supply to the IO-Link Device.  
· Switch on the power supply units of the device and of the IO-Link Device. | **Connections** [† page 21] |
| **Commissioning** | · For the first commissioning, the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM/W device requires a DHCP server.  
In the configuration software of the EtherCAT Master:  
· Configure the EtherCAT Master: Import the EDS files *Hilscher_netFIELD_Wireless.xml* and *Hilscher_netFIELD_Wireless_diag.xml*.  
· Create the configuration project with EtherCAT Master and EtherCAT Slave, select the modules and set the parameters.  
For the subsequent steps the following configuration tools can be used:  
· Configure the IO-Link Wireless Master NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM/W using the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.  
· Configure the wireless IO-Link port parameters via the configuration software of the EtherCAT Master or using the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.  
· Configure the IO-Link Device. | **Configuration tools** [† page 23]  
**Configuring EtherCAT** [† page 26]  
**Commissioning** [† page 76] |

*Table 10: Overview for installation and commissioning*
5 Requirements

5.1 Hardware and system requirements

To install your IO-Link Wireless Master you need the following hardware elements:

- Power supply: 24 V DC SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) or PELV (Protective Extra Low Voltage) power supply
- Power supply cable with L-coded M12 connector
- Ethernet cable with D-coded M12 connector
- EtherCAT Master (PLC)
- At least one IO-Link Wireless Device or a Wireless Bridge and a wired IO-Link Device
- 3 x SMA antenna: Use type Wifi Antenna 2.4G rubber antenna, model “TLW25A-SMA-Male” only (see section IO-Link, SMA antenna [page 12]).

Additional components

- Ethernet network switch

For commissioning

- PC or notebook with at least one additional Ethernet port and Internet access

5.2 Software requirements

For commissioning and configuring your IO-Link Wireless Master, the following requirements must comply:

- Web browser if integrated netFIELD Wireless Web Server is to be used for configuration.

For further information see section Configuration tools [page 23].
6 Mounting and demounting

6.1 Mounting

Required tools for mounting the device

You will need the following tools for mounting:

- Allen key for the M4 mounting screws with hexagon socket

Only additionally required for mounting without existing mounting holes:

- M4 thread tap (ready-made or set of taps)
- Drilling machine (to pre-drill the mounting holes as M4 threads for mounting the device to the system)

You will also need two M4 hexagon cylinder head screws according to DIN 912 / ISO 4762 of suitable length.

Before mounting the device

Always observe the following instructions:

- The device may only be mounted and commissioned by qualified electricians in accordance with EN 50110-1/-2 and IEC 60364.
- Refer to the safety instructions in the Safety [1] chapter.
- Before mounting the device, check for damage, e.g. transport damage! Damaged devices must not be put into operation.

Mounting instructions

Observe the following points when selecting the mounting location:

- When mounting outside buildings: Mount the device in such a way that it is protected from weathering, especially from direct sunlight and the effects of UV light, salt water or salt spray, e.g. in a switch box.
- Only screw the device on flat contact surfaces to protect it from mechanical tension.
- Do not bridge any gaps with the device to protect it from any tensile forces that may occur.
- To prevent damage to the device, do not mount it in shearing areas of moving system parts. Also, lay the cables in such a way that they cannot be caught in the shear zones of moving system parts.
- Leave sufficient space for easy replacement of the device and for connecting the plug connections.
- Ensure that the requirements of the device for vibration and shock resistance are met at the mounting site.
- Mount the device so that the diagnostic LEDs of the device remain visible.
Observe the following instructions for the mounting procedure:

- Disconnect the system from the power supply before you start mounting.
- Ensure sufficient equipotential bonding in your system.
- During mounting, make sure that you do not soil the connections. Dirt will damage the contacts, resulting in reduced contact reliability.

**Notes on protection against the heat generated by the device**

The device can get hot during operation! Therefore, always observe the following instructions:

- The cooling of the device must not be impaired.
- Ensure an unobstructed air supply!
- Do not install the device near strong heat sources!
- Do not mount the device on or near highly inflammable materials.

**Mounting of the device**

You can attach the device directly to your system or in the control cabinet with screws. Fasten the device to a flat, solid base with two M4 screws, each of which is screwed into a mounting hole. Section *Technical data* [page 118] contains the specification of the tightening torque.

---

**Note:**

Note that the device requires a connection to FE (functional earth) plate at the plastic housing via the screws.

The procedure for this is as follows:

- Hold the device in the desired position and mark the two points where the M4 threads are to be cut. Make sure that there is enough space around the device so that you can connect all cables without any problems.
- Cut an M4 thread at each of the two marked points with the M4 thread cutter, if necessary pre-drill with the drill first.
- Screw the device into the mounting holes with the Allen key using two M4 cylinder head screws of suitable length at the upper and lower ends. Observe the tightening torque.

**After mounting**

Observe the notes on *Grounding* [page 19].

**Mounting of the SMA antennas**

**Important:**

For proper device operation, all three SMA antennas X1, X2, and X3 must be mounted.
6.1.1 Grounding

**Functional earth**

The L-coded M12 connectors of the power supply of the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device have a pin FE (functional earth). You can ground the device via FE of the power supply connection or via the screws to the FE plate at the plastic housing. Grounding the device is recommended.

6.2 Demounting

**Required tools for demounting**

For demounting, you need an Allen key to loosen the M4 hexagon socket head screws according to DIN 912 or ISO 4762.

**Before demounting**

Prepare for demounting:

![CAUTION]

Device is hot!

During operation, high surface temperatures can occur on the housing and at the metal connections, especially at the M12 connector sleeve. If the device was in operation, let it cool down before touching it or use gloves.

- Disconnect the part of the plant to which you have mounted the device from the power supply.
- If the device is dirty, clean it first. It is particularly important to clean dirty screw connections.
- Before demounting, loosen all screw connections at the terminals and disconnect the cables.

**Demounting**

To disassemble the device, e.g. when replacing the device, proceed as follows:

- Make sure that the part of the plant on which you have mounted the device is zero-potential.
- Use the Allen key to loosen the two M4 cylinder head screws.
- Remove the device.

**After demounting**

If the demounted device is defective, mark it as defective to prevent the device from being used again.
6.3 Disposal of waste electronic equipment

Important notes from the European Directive 2012/19/EU “Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)”

**Waste electronic equipment**
This product must not be treated as household waste.
This product must be disposed of at a designated waste electronic equipment collecting point.

Waste electronic equipment may not be disposed of as household waste. As a consumer, you are legally obliged to dispose of all waste electronic equipment according to national and local regulations.
7 Connections

Warnings

➢ Adhere to the warnings hereafter before you connect the network cable and the power supply cable to the IO-Link Wireless Master NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device.

![WARNING]

Danger from electric shock, SELV or PELV power supply required

Operate the device exclusively with 24 V DC SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) or PELV (Protective Extra Low Voltage) power supply. In case of ignoring this, there is a risk of electric shock. Always use two separate supply lines/power supplies for 1L and 2L to supply the devices. Pay attention to a central grounding (FE) if two separate power supplies are used.

![NOTICE]

Device destruction, fuse protection

The maximum supply current must not be exceeded and must be fused with an external fuse (16 A). Otherwise, the risk of device destruction cannot be excluded, damage to the printed circuit board and the connecting plug. For further details, refer to Technical data.

Connection example with W-Bridge

The connection example described hereafter shows a typical installation that uses a W-Bridge to connect a wired IO-Link Device via a wireless connection to the IO-Link Wireless Master NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device. Section Connection example with W-Bridge [page 22] shows a typical installation.

Requirements

➢ Use the cables described in section Hardware and system requirements [page 16].

IO-Link Wireless Master

➢ Connect the Ethernet cable to the M12 connector Ethernet X31 of the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device, see position (32) in section Device overview [page 7] and to the PLC.

➢ Connect the power cable (+24 V DC SELV or PELV) to the M12 connector PWR IN X21 of the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device, see position (25) in section Device overview [page 7].

W-Bridge

➢ Connect the wired IO-Link Device with the cable to the W-Bridge.

➢ Connect the power cable (+24 V DC SELV or PELV) to the power connector of the W-Bridge.
7.1 Connection example

Figure 4: Connection example with W-Bridge
8 Configuration

8.1 Configuration tools

For operation, the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device requires configuration settings or parameters. The required settings or parameters can be grouped to several areas.

NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device:

- EtherCAT device,
- parameters for the IO-Link Wireless Master (e.g. track mode),
- parameters for the wireless port (e.g. wireless slot number).
- If the MQTT communication is used, then the MQTT Client in the NFD-3090-PNS-IOLM\W device requires MQTT parameters.

Connected IO-Link Device:

- IO-Link Device parameters.

To configure the device and to set parameters, you can use the following tools:

- Configuration software of the EtherCAT Master: The EtherCAT Master must be configured to exchange process data with the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device. The configuration software of the EtherCAT Master requires an ESI file to configure the device. The configuration software of the EtherCAT Master imports the ESI file, and the user can make the configuration settings and parameterizations for the device. The user loads the configuration to the EtherCAT Master. The EtherCAT Master performs the configuration and parameterization of the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device.
- netFIELD Wireless Web Server: A web browser can be used, to display the pages of the integrated web server. This user interface serves to set parameters during commissioning more easily. If the MQTT communication is to be used, the MQTT Client parameters are set via the netFIELD Wireless Web Server only.
- IO-Link ET: The IO-Link engineering tool serves also for device configuration, and can import IODD files of the used IO-Link Devices.

For the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device, the ESI files Hilscher_netFIELD_Wireless.xml and Hilscher_netFIELD_Wireless_diag.xml are available to be used in the configuration software for the EtherCAT Master for easy parameterization.
The possible tool chains for configuration are outlined below:

**Configuration software for the EtherCAT Master + netFIELD Wireless Web Server (Tool chain 1)**

- Configuration software for the EtherCAT Master: Configuration of the EtherCAT Slave. Using the parameters in the ESI file, the EtherCAT Master sets parameters selected by the user. These parameters configure each port and determine whether the port is used (or disabled) as a wireless IO-Link Device.

- netFIELD Wireless Web Server: Settings of the IO-Link Wireless Master parameters, the wireless port parameters, and if MQTT communication is used, settings of the MQTT Client parameters.

**Note:**
Each time the EtherCAT communication starts, the EtherCAT Master transmits the configuration and parameters to the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device. Parameters for the wireless port set by the netFIELD Wireless Web Server are overwritten. The parameters set via EtherCAT Master have priority.

If you want to change parameters for IO-Link Wireless Master or wireless port permanently, set them with the configuration software of the EtherCAT Master.

**Configuration software for the EtherCAT Master + IO-Link ET (Tool chain 2)**

- Configuration software for the EtherCAT Master: Configuration of the EtherCAT communication.

- IO-Link ET: Settings of the IO-Link Wireless Master parameters, the wireless port, and the IO-Link Device parameters based on IODD file.

- If MQTT communication is used, netFIELD Wireless Web Server: Settings of the MQTT Client parameters.

**Note:**
Each time the EtherCAT communication starts, the EtherCAT Master transmits the configuration and parameters to the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device. Parameters for the wireless port set by the IO-Link ET are overwritten. The parameters set via EtherCAT Master have priority.

If you want to change parameters for IO-Link Wireless Master or wireless port permanently, set them with the configuration software of the EtherCAT Master.
### Overview Tool chains 1 and 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>EtherCAT Slave</th>
<th>Parameters for the IO-Link Wireless Master</th>
<th>Parameters for the wireless ports</th>
<th>IO-Link Device parameters</th>
<th>MQTT Client parameters (if the MQTT communication is used)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tool chain 1</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration software for the EtherCAT Master</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>netFIELD Wireless Web Server</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>(experts)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tool chain 2</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration software for the EtherCAT Master</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IO-Link ET</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes IODD</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>netFIELD Wireless Web Server to configure MQTT only</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Use IO-Link ET only.</td>
<td>Use IO-Link ET only.</td>
<td>(experts)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 11: Overview Tool chains 1 and 2

For more details, refer to sections Configuration with netFIELD Wireless Web Server [page 32], and Configuring EtherCAT [page 26].
8.2 Configuring EtherCAT

As a pre-requisite for process data exchange between the EtherCAT Master and the EtherCAT Slave, you need to configure the EtherCAT Master using the ESI files (EtherCAT Slave Information) of the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device: Hilscher_netFIELD_Wireless.xml and Hilscher_netFIELD_Wireless_diag.xml.

For this, perform the following steps:

- Import the ESI file into the configuration software of the EtherCAT Master, such as TwinCAT.
- Select the netFIELD device from the device catalog and add it to the configuration project.

For configuration of the netFIELD device:

- Configure the wireless ports.
- Set the parameters.
8.2.1 Configuring the port

In the configuration software of the EtherCAT Master, each wireless IO-Link port of the device netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master EtherCAT Slave NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W corresponds to a slot. For each wireless IO-Link port WP01/WP02/ ... define what is connected to it:

- wireless IO-Link Device and how much process data it transmits,
- whether nothing is connected.

The following table lists the selection for the type of device connected to the wireless IO-Link port WP01/WP02/ ...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Slot / Module</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Slot empty</td>
<td>Nothing is connected to the wireless IO-Link port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_In_8Bit</td>
<td>IO-Link Input 1 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_In_2Byte</td>
<td>IO-Link Input 2 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_In_4Byte</td>
<td>IO-Link Input 4 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_In_8Byte</td>
<td>IO-Link Input 8 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_In_16Byte</td>
<td>IO-Link Input 16 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_In_32Byte</td>
<td>IO-Link Input 32 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_Out_8Bit</td>
<td>IO-Link Output 1 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_Out_2Byte</td>
<td>IO-Link Output 2 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_Out_4Byte</td>
<td>IO-Link Output 4 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_Out_8Byte</td>
<td>IO-Link Output 8 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_Out_16Byte</td>
<td>IO-Link Output 16 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_Out_32Byte</td>
<td>IO-Link Output 32 Byte Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_1/1_I/O-Bytes</td>
<td>IO-Link 1 Byte Input / 1 Byte Output Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_2/2_I/O-Bytes</td>
<td>IO-Link 2 Byte Input / 2 Byte Output Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_8/8_I/O-Bytes</td>
<td>IO-Link 8 Byte Input / 8 Byte Output Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_16/16_I/O-Bytes</td>
<td>IO-Link 16 Byte Input / 16 Byte Output Process Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOL_32/32_I/O-Bytes</td>
<td>IO-Link 32 Byte Input / 32 Byte Output Process Data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 12: Configuration of the wireless IO-Link ports*
8.2.2 Setting the parameters

In the configuration software of the EtherCAT Master you can set the parameters for the device netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master EtherCAT Slave NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W. The existing parameters contain the basic settings for the device, which you adapt for your application. Set the device and port parameters in the start-up parameters of the configuration software of the EtherCAT Master. The EtherCAT Master sends these parameters to the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device when starting the communication.

Index 0x8000 bis 0x80F0

Parameter mit Index 0x8000 konfigurieren Port WP01,
Parameter mit Index 0x8010 konfigurieren Port WP02,
Parameter mit Index 0x8020 konfigurieren Port WP03,
…,
Parameter mit Index 0x80F0 konfigurieren Port WP16.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index Subindex</th>
<th>Parameter name</th>
<th>Range of values</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0x8000.01, 0x8010.01, …</td>
<td>Validation and Backup</td>
<td>No Device check</td>
<td>No Device check</td>
<td>There is no device check for validation or backup of connected IO-Link Slave devices (default).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Type compare, no Backup/Restore</td>
<td></td>
<td>A device check is performed for validation of connected IO-Link Slave devices to the specified device type, without backup/restore.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Type compare, Restore only</td>
<td></td>
<td>A device check is performed for validation or restore of connected IO-Link Slave devices to the specified device type, without backup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Type compare, Backup and Restore</td>
<td></td>
<td>A device check is performed for validation or backup/restore of connected IO-Link Slave devices to the specified device type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8000.04, 0x8010.04, …</td>
<td>Device ID</td>
<td>0, 1 ...16777215</td>
<td>16777215</td>
<td>Device ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>If validation is used: Expected device ID of the connected wireless IO-Link Device. Device ID: See ioddfinder.io-link.com, or documentation of the IO-Link Device used. Value 0 if no validation is used.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8000.05, 0x8010.05, …</td>
<td>Vendor ID</td>
<td>0, 1 ... 65535</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Manufacturer ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>If validation is used: Expected manufacturer ID of the connected wireless IO-Link Device. Manufacturer ID: See ioddfinder.io-link.com, or documentation of the IO-Link Device used. Value 0 if no validation is used.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8000.06, 0x8010.06, …</td>
<td>Slot number</td>
<td>0 ... 7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Wireless slot number to be used for the port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8000.07, 0x8010.07, …</td>
<td>Track number</td>
<td>0 ... 2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Wireless track number to be used for the port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8000.08, 0x8010.08, …</td>
<td>Device TX Power</td>
<td>1 ... 31</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>This parameter contains the transmit power level of the W-Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8000.09, 0x8010.09, …</td>
<td>Max Retry</td>
<td>2 ... 31</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Maximum number of retries for a transmission in OPERATE mode</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 13: Wireless IO-Link port parameters WP01/WP02/…

**Port cycle time**

The parameter “Port cycle time” sets up the cycle time of a W-Port of the W-Master. The cycle time is encoded using "Time base" (bits 6+7) and “Multiplier” (bits 0-5) values, as shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range of values</th>
<th>Time base (Bits 7+6)</th>
<th>Multiplier (Bits 5-0)</th>
<th>Resulting Cycle time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>00</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>free-running mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 … 64</td>
<td>00</td>
<td>1 … 63</td>
<td>5 ... 315 ms (Time Base * Multiplier)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65 ... 127</td>
<td>01: 5ms</td>
<td>1 … 63 as multiplier</td>
<td>Note: For W-Devices and W-Bridges the minimum possible transmission time is 5 ms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>128 ... 255</td>
<td>10 …11; reserved</td>
<td>1 … 63</td>
<td>reserved, do not use</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: If the free-running mode is chosen with a time base of 0, the W-Master stack will automatically configure the Master cycle time to be the Minimum Master cycle time based on the PD Segmentation length, Slot Type, and Max Retry configurations.

Note: For W-Devices and W-Bridges the minimum possible transmission time is 5 ms.
I-Am-Alive time

The parameter “I-Am-Alive time” serves for W-Master and W-Device communication control if no other messages are transmitted. The W-Device has to send an “I-Am-Alive” messages to the W-Master before timeout, otherwise an error is reported, e.g. to start failsafe functionalities in the application.

The “I-Am-Alive time” is a 16-bit value. Bits 7–0 contain the “Time base” and bits 15–8 contain the “Multiplier”.

The “I-Am-Alive time” is calculated by multiplying the "Time base" with the "Multiplier".

The following table shows the coding of the Time base.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Time base</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
<td>reserved, do not use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.664 ms</td>
<td>Time base is 1.664 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>5 ms</td>
<td>Time base is 10 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1 sec</td>
<td>Time base is 1 sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1 min</td>
<td>Time base is 1 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 … 255</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
<td>reserved, do not use</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 15: Time base of I-Am-Alive time

The Multiplier has the value range of 1 … 255.

The “I-Am-Alive time” is calculated by multiplying the "Time base" with the "Multiplier", as shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Multiplier (Bits 15-8)</th>
<th>Time base (Bits 7-0)</th>
<th>Calculated I-Am-Alive time</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1: 1.664 ms</td>
<td>1.664 ms</td>
<td>257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2: 5 ms</td>
<td>5 ms</td>
<td>258</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3: 1 sec</td>
<td>1 sec</td>
<td>259</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4: 1 min</td>
<td>1 min</td>
<td>260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1: 1.664 ms</td>
<td>3.328 ms</td>
<td>513</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2: 5 ms</td>
<td>10 ms</td>
<td>514</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3: 1 sec</td>
<td>2 sec</td>
<td>515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4: 1 min</td>
<td>2 min</td>
<td>516</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1: 1.664 ms</td>
<td>4.992 ms</td>
<td>769</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2: 5 ms</td>
<td>15 ms</td>
<td>770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3: 1 sec</td>
<td>3 sec</td>
<td>771</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4: 1 min</td>
<td>3 min</td>
<td>772</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 … 254</td>
<td>1 … 4</td>
<td>Multiplier * Time base</td>
<td>Value of Multiplier * 256 + value of Time base</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>255</td>
<td>1: 1.664 ms</td>
<td>424.32 ms</td>
<td>65281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2: 5 ms</td>
<td>1275 ms</td>
<td>65282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3: 1 sec</td>
<td>255 s</td>
<td>65283</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4: 1 min</td>
<td>255 min (10 min is used)</td>
<td>65284</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 16: Calculation of I-Am-Alive time
The Wireless Master verifies the calculated “I-Am-Alive time” with the following limits:

- “Minimum I-Am-Alive time” = W-Sub-cycle duration [ms] * (MaxRetry + 1)
  If the calculated “I-Am-Alive time” is less than the “Minimum I-Am-Alive time”, the Wireless Master uses the “Minimum I-Am-Alive time” as resulting “I-Am-Alive time”.

- Maximum I-Am-Alive time = 10 minutes
  If the calculated “I-Am-Alive time” is greater than the “Maximum I-Am-Alive time”, the error message Port configuration failed HTTP Error 500: NetProxy returned with an error: C0000124 appears.
8.3 Configuration with netFIELD Wireless Web Server

This chapter describes how you can use the integrated netFIELD Wireless Web Server to access detailed information about the current operating status of the IO-Link Wireless Master device and the connected IO-Link Devices. You also can make settings for device parameterization to influence the device behavior.

8.3.1 Functional overview

The following overview shows you which functions are provided by the netFIELD Wireless Web Server integrated in the device and via which menu items or tabs of the user interface these functions can be accessed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu</th>
<th>Tab</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dashboard</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Display of device-specific information</td>
<td>Dashboard [* page 34]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Licenses</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Display of the used software components</td>
<td>Licenses [* page 35]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settings</td>
<td>(all)</td>
<td>Device settings</td>
<td>Device settings [* page 38]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settings</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Setting of port parameters (such as port mode,</td>
<td>Port settings [* page 61]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device configuration</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Unique ID, IMA Time, etc.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance information</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Storing maintenance information</td>
<td>Maintenance information [* page 39]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firmware update</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Firmware update of the IOLWM device</td>
<td>Firmware update [* page 40]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Factory reset</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Device reset to factory settings</td>
<td>Factory settings [* page 43]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MQTT</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Client and connection configuration</td>
<td>MQTT configuration [* page 44]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User administration</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Setting up and managing users</td>
<td>Log in or User administration [* page 35]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sign-in, Sign-out</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>User login and logout</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IO-Link Wireless Master settings</td>
<td>Channel Selection</td>
<td>WLAN channel list</td>
<td>Channel Selection [* page 50]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Configuration of the IO-Link Wireless Master parameters</td>
<td>Configuration [* page 53]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scan</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Scanning for unconnected IO-Link Devices</td>
<td>Scan and pairing [* page 55]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wireless port WP01, WP02, WP03…</td>
<td>(all)</td>
<td>Port-specific information and settings for the wireless IO-Link ports WP01, WP02, WP03…</td>
<td>Device or port information, pairing, IOLWD update [* page 57]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Displays device information on the connected IO-Link Device</td>
<td>Device information [* page 58]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Display of port status information</td>
<td>Port status [* page 59]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settings</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Display (and setting) of port parameters.</td>
<td>Port settings [* page 61]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pairing</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Pairing new devices (pairing by button)</td>
<td>Pairing [* page 66]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOLWD Update</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Firmware update of the IOLW device</td>
<td>IOLWD Update [* page 68]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISDU</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Display of device Index Service Data Units</td>
<td>Device ISDU [* page 70]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Process data</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Displays the process data (input/output)</td>
<td>Process data [* page 75]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 17: Functional overview of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server for IO-Link Devices
8.3.2 Open netFIELD Wireless Web Server

Prerequisite: To open the user interface of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server, the IP address of the device must be configured and known.

Note:
Make sure that the PC on which you want to access the website of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server and the device you want to connect to are both on the same Ethernet subnet.

Proceed as follows:

➢ Enter the following text in the address line of your web browser to address the device: `http://<Configured IP Address>` e.g. `http://192.168.10.2`
➢ The page Dashboard of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server appears. You can now use the functions described below.
8.3.3 Dashboard

When opening the user interface, the Dashboard page appears first. On the Dashboard page, the following device-specific information is displayed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Information displayed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Top left corner</td>
<td>Shows the current user role and device connection state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Left column</td>
<td>Navigation area; icons on errors or operating states may appear here.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor information</td>
<td>Contact details of the device manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device information</td>
<td>The name, part and version number, MAC address of the hardware</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IO-Link Wireless technology</td>
<td>Specification of the radio connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device version</td>
<td>The name and version number of the device, the Master and the radio module, the web page version.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance information</td>
<td>Maintenance information in text form</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 18: Data on "Dashboard" page

Maintenance information

Maintenance information includes textual information that the user can specify, such as device name, installation location and date, contact information, description, date of last and next service of the device. These texts can be edited using the Maintenance information tab of the Settings menu (see section Maintenance information [page 39]).
8.3.4 Licenses

The Licenses menu item allows you to display the page of the same name. This shows you:

- a list of the licensed software components contained in the product,
- for each licensed software component, a link to the associated license conditions.

8.3.5 Log in or User administration

Log in user

Note:
A log in is only possible when device connection state is “connected” (top left corner of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server).

To log in as a user

- Select Sign in in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- The input mask for user name and password appears:

```
Username

Password

Sign in
```

Figure 6: Menu item SignIn - Input mask for user name and password

- Enter your user name and password correctly in the corresponding input fields of the screen mask.
- Click Sign in.
- If you have entered a known user name correctly, you now can work with the netFIELD Wireless Web Server with the defined rights of this user. The user role (Operator, Maintenance, Admin) used for sign in is displayed in the upper left corner. The previous menu entry Sign in changes and is now called Sign out.

Logging off users

To log off a user:

- Click on the Sign out menu item in the main menu of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server (left side).
- From now on, you can no longer work with the netFIELD Wireless Web Server with the previous rights. The user role guest appears in the upper left corner. The previous menu entry Sign out changes and is now called Sign in again.

Guest user access

By default, the netFIELD Wireless Web Server knows a user guest without password, which has been set up to realize a first-time or guest access.
First-time login as administrator

In the delivery state or after resetting to the factory settings, the netFIELD Wireless Web Server can be accessed via the user name “root” and the password “password”. This combination also has administrator rights.

Important:
Change the administrator password immediately after commissioning. The factory default setting is generally known and does not provide sufficient protection.

User Administration

- Select User administration in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.

The Administration pane provides a role-based user administration. You can use it to create and delete users and assign roles to them on which their rights depend. Users can be divided into three roles:

- Maintenance
- Operator
- Administrator

Creating a new user

When opening the user administration the following picture appears:

![User Administration screen mask (initial state)](image)

Another user can be defined in the second line. Proceed as follows:

- In the Username input field (left side), enter the user name that is to be used for the user. User names that have already been used are not permitted here.
- In the Password input field (middle), enter the password for this user name.
- Use the combo box on the right to select the role for the new user to be created (the roles Maintenance, Operator or Administrator are available).
- Finally, click on the green field.

The new user is created and assigned to the selected role.
Remove user

To remove an existing user from the device user management, proceed as follows:

- Click the red square with a white cross to the right of the user to be removed.

- The user will be deleted.

The “root” user cannot be deleted, so the red delete button is grayed out.
8.3.6 Device settings

Using the netFIELD Wireless Web Server, you can make several settings on the device. Open the panes via the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.

- Select the wireless IO-Link port (WP01, WP02, WP03 ...) and open the subtab Settings, to make the port settings (see section Port settings [page 61]).
- Select Settings in the left column and open the corresponding tab:
  - Device information (with menu on the Configure IP parameters),
  - Store maintenance information,
  - Upgrading the firmware,
  - Resetting the device to factory settings,
  - MQTT configuration [page 44].

8.3.6.1 IP parameters

- Select Settings in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- The Device configuration tab is displayed.

The EtherCAT Master configures the IP address of the device. Therefore, no manual configuration of the IP address is required for EtherCAT devices.

Figure 9: Device configuration tab (example)
8.3.6.2 Maintenance information

The Maintenance information tab is used to store maintenance information such as device name, installation location and date, contact information, a description text, or the date of the last and next service on the device.

![Maintenance information tab](image)

Changes to settings require operator or admin rights. If these are not available, the tab is grayed out and cannot be edited.

The maintenance information is in detail:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value / Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Uniform label for the function of this device</td>
<td>Character string, max. 64 characters*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation location</td>
<td>Uniform label for the location where the device is mounted</td>
<td>Character string, max. 32 characters*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation date</td>
<td>Date of installation or commissioning of this device</td>
<td>Valid installation date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact information</td>
<td>Textual identification of a contact person for this managed node of the installation, together with information on how to contact this person.</td>
<td>Character string, max. 32 characters*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Individual status information and remarks</td>
<td>Character string, max. 64 characters*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last service date</td>
<td>Date/time of the last service, e.g. firmware update</td>
<td>Valid last service date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Next service date</td>
<td>Date/time of the next service, e.g. firmware update</td>
<td>Valid next service date</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*no mutated vowels

Table 19: Maintenance information
To make changes to the maintenance information:

- Click on the **Settings** in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- The Device configuration tab appears.
- Select the **Maintenance information** tab.
- Change the relevant fields there. Do not use mutated vowels in character strings.
- Click **Apply**.
- Your changes take effect.

### 8.3.6.3 Firmware update

The netFIELD Wireless Web Server provides a way to update all firmware required for the IO-Link Wireless Master NFD-3090-ECS-IOLMIW device via the Firmware update tab.

- Select **Settings** in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the **Firmware update** tab.

![Figure 11: Firmware update tab (example)](image-url)
**NOTICE**

**Bring the system into safe operating condition**

Never carry out a firmware update during operation of the system in which the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device is installed. Before each firmware update, the system must first be shut down properly, or must be brought into a safe operating state.

**NOTICE**

**Invalid firmware**

Loading invalid firmware files could render your device unusable. Only load firmware files to the device that are valid for this device. Otherwise, you might be forced to send in your device for repair.

---

**Important:**

If you update the firmware of the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device and you did not make a backup of the firmware and configuration data, you cannot restore the state of your device prior to the update, including the previously used firmware.

Changes to settings require operator or admin rights. If these are not available, the Firmware update tab is grayed out and cannot be edited.

To update the firmware, you need the file `NFDW_Update_[protocol name]_V[version].zip` containing all firmware required for the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device. You can download this from the website of the device manufacturer or provider.

---

**Note:**

Do not change the name of the `NFDW_Update_[protocol name]_V[version].zip` file.

- In the Firmware update tab, click on **Choose File**.
- A file selection dialog appears.
- Select the file `NFDW_Update_[protocol name]_V[version].zip` in this dialog.
- Click **Update**.

The firmware update is performed. This takes a short while.
Figure 12: Firmware update is performed (example)

- A message appears indicating that the firmware update was finished, and the device will be restarted after pressing OK, and has a new (possibly different) IP address.
  - Click OK.
  - Then you must perform the port configuration once again.
8.3.6.4 Factory settings

In some cases, it is helpful to reset the device to the factory settings. This is possible for various selectable classes of settings via the Factory reset tab in the Settings menu.

![Factory reset tab](image)

Figure 13: Factory reset tab

Changes to settings require operator or admin rights. If these are not available, the tab is grayed out and cannot be edited.

Important:
If PLC communication is active, factory reset is not allowed! Stop PLC communication before you use the factory reset options.

Various settings made can be deleted depending on your selection:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Delete stored configuration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Delete stored device information</td>
<td>Device information (e.g. maintenance information, system time settings, and IO-Link master settings within OPC UA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete stored network adapter settings</td>
<td>Network adapter settings (communication settings, IP address configuration, Name of Station)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete stored application parameters</td>
<td>Application-specific data (port configuration and parameters, remanent parameters)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete all stored settings</td>
<td>All settings</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 20: Options to delete settings

To reset the device to the factory settings, proceed as follows:

- Click on the **Settings** in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- The Device configuration tab appears.
- Select the **Factory reset** tab.
- Select which settings should be reset to the factory defaults.
- Click on **Delete settings**.
- The selected settings are deleted.
- Click on **Restart**.
- The device is restarted with the factory settings.
8.3.6.5 MQTT configuration

Use the MQTT tab to view and change the MQTT client and connection configuration.

- Select Settings in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the MQTT tab with its sub tabs.
- The Client Status appears, and by default the Client Configuration sub tab.

**MQTT > Client Status, and Client Configuration**

![MQTT tab, Client Status, Client Configuration sub tab (example)](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value / Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| State           | States 1, 2: "CONNECTING"
                 | State 3: "CONNECTION_ACCEPTED"
                 | States 0,4,5,6: "CLIENT_INACTIVE"
                 | Connection state code
                 | 0: Ready: initialization value, connection not established.  
                 | 1: Connecting: TCP connection establishment in progress.  
                 | 2: TCP Connected: TCP connection established. MQTT connection in progress.  
                 | 3: MQTT Connected: MQTT connection established.  
                 | 4: Disconnecting: MQTT connection shutdown in progress.  
                 | 5: Disconnected: TCP connection terminated.  
                 | 6: Wait Reconnect: Waiting for reconnection to be allowed again. See "Connect Timeout" parameter. | CONNECTING (red),  
                 | | CONNCION_ACCEPTED (green),  
                 | | CLIENT_INACTIVE (red) |
| Broker Address  | Current value for "Broker Address"                                          | Example: 192.168.10.5                                     |
| Active connection| Current value for "Active connection", respectively active connection configured. | Example: Connection 1                                    |
| Last Error Code | Last error code, related to this connection.                                | Example: 0                                               |

Table 21: MQTT in port configuration for IO-Link Device, Client Status
For MQTT Client Configuration make the following settings and configuration steps:

- Client mode
- Active connection

**MQTT > Connection1 > IP settings**

- Open the **Connection1** sub tab.
- The IP settings sub sub tab appears by default.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value / Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Broker Address</td>
<td>IP address of the broker.</td>
<td>Valid IP address, Default: [BrokerAddress],</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broker Port</td>
<td>MQTT broker IP port number.</td>
<td>Typically: 1883</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 23: MQTT in port configuration for IO-Link Device, Connection1 > IP settings

For MQTT Connection Configuration make the following settings and configuration steps:

- Broker Address
- Broker Port
MQTT > Connection1 > Session settings

- Open the Session settings sub sub tab.

![MQTT tab, Connection1 > Session settings sub sub tab (example)](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value / Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Topic Prefix</td>
<td>Text that is prefixed to each topic, e.g. 'StationA'. For each single topic can be configured if this prefix is to be preceded or not. If left empty the firmware will try to use the MAC address.</td>
<td>Text of uppercase and lowercase letters and underscore, Default: [not specified]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean Session</td>
<td>Setting whether all topics are to be transferred to the broker after establishing a connection or not.</td>
<td>Enabled (default), Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Enabled (default): After a connection to the broker has been established, all topics of the type 'publish' are transmitted from the MQTT client to the broker.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Disabled: Only those topics are transmitted to the broker, which have changed since the last connection. Note that if you use this setting, the broker must support the 'preserve context' function.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MQTT Keep Alive Time [Seconds]</td>
<td>Interval in which the MQTT client sends a sign of life to the broker. The set value for the MQTT client must be less than the monitoring time set in the broker. Enabling this timeout is suitable if the connection is used for at least one subscription so a permanent connection to the broker is required. Not allowed to be enabled together with the Connection Idle Timeout.</td>
<td>Specified in s. 0 = send no sign of life to the broker. Default: 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 24: MQTT in port configuration for IO-Link Device, Connection1 > Session settings

- For MQTT Connection Configuration make the following settings and configuration steps:
  - Topic Prefix
  - Clean Session
  - MQTT Keep Alive Time
MQTT > Connection1 > Will settings

- Open the Will settings sub sub tab.

![MQTT tab, Connection1 > Will settings sub sub tab (example)](image)

**Figure 17: MQTT tab, Connection1 > Will settings sub sub tab (example)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value / Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Will Enabled</td>
<td>Enable this option if you want to use the “will” feature of MQTT.</td>
<td>Enabled (default), Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Will topic</td>
<td>Unique name for the topic, editable. If left empty the firmware will use the string constant “will” prefixed by the Prefix Will if enabled.</td>
<td>Max. 128 characters of text from uppercase and lowercase letters and underscore; Default: [not specified]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Will Message</td>
<td>Payload forwarded by the broker to other clients subscribed to the will topic in case of abnormal disconnection (when an MQTT Disconnect packet was not sent to the broker). If left empty, the string “Disconnected” is sent.</td>
<td>Text of uppercase and lowercase letters and underscore; Default: [not specified]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Will QoS</td>
<td>Quality of Service Level for the Will Message.</td>
<td>Only once (default), At least once, Exactly once</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Will Retain</td>
<td>Setting whether the broker shall store the history of a data value or not.</td>
<td>Enabled (default), Disabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 25: MQTT in port configuration for IO-Link Device, Connection1 > Will settings**

- For MQTT Connection Configuration make the following settings and configuration steps:
  - Will Enabled
  - Will Topic
  - Will Message
  - Will Retain
**MQTT > Connection1 > Advanced settings**

- Open the **Advanced settings** sub sub tab.

![MQTT tab, Connection1 > Advanced settings sub sub tab (example)](image)

---

**Parameter** | **Description** | **Value / Value range**
--- | --- | ---
Will QoS | Quality of Service Level for the Will Message. 0: "Only once": fire and forget 1: "At least once": acknowledged delivery 2: "Exactly once": assured delivery | Only once (default), At least once, Exactly once
Will Prefix | Text that is prefixed to each Will topic. For each single topic can be configured if this prefix is to be preceded or not. | Text of uppercase and lowercase letters and underscore, Default: [not specified]
Connection Timeout | Time for trying to establish a connection (MQTT Connect) to the broker. If the connection could not be established, then the MQTT client waits for the duration of 'Connection Timeout' until a new connection is established to the broker. | Specified in s. = 0 MQTT client constantly tries to establish a connection to the broker. Default: 0
Client identifier | Unique name of the MQTT client in UTF-8 format used at connection establishment time. All devices that are connected to a broker, must have a unique name. The name may only consist of lowercase letters, uppercase letters and numbers. If the field is empty, then the broker assigns a name. | max. 23 Bytes for max. 23 characters, Default: [Client ID] Example: "ClientId1"

---

Table 26: MQTT in port configuration for IO-Link Device, Connection1 > Advanced settings

- For MQTT Connection Configuration make the following settings and configuration steps:
  - Will QoS
  - Will Prefix
  - Connection Timeout
  - Client Identifier
8.3.7 IO-Link Wireless Master settings

The netFIELD Wireless Web Server provides the IO-Link Wireless Master settings with the tabs Channel Selection, Configuration and Scan.

- Select **IO-Link Wireless Master**, to display the tabs.
- The **Channel Selection** tab allows you to select the WLAN channels required for device operation.
- On the **Configuration** tab, you can make the IO-Link Wireless Master configuration settings. This includes the specific master settings parameters, the activating or deactivating of wireless tracks WT1 … WT3, as well as specification of the track transmission power.
- On the **Scan** tab, you can scan for unconnected IO-Link Devices. A scan result then shows the found devices. Each of them must be paired to one of the 16 wireless IO-Link ports (WP01, Wp02, WP03, …).
8.3.7.1 Channel Selection

- Select **IO-Link Wireless Master** in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.

- The **Channel Selection** tab appears.

![Channel selection tab](image)

**Figure 19: Channel selection tab**

Use the Channel Selection tab to select the WLAN channels required for operation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value, Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WLAN Channel 01 ...</td>
<td>List of WLAN channels 01 to 13 on the 2.4 GHz frequency band.</td>
<td>“checked”, “unchecked” (default)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WLAN Channel 13</td>
<td>The radio symbols indicate whether a channel is activated and if fully or partly.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use mouse over to indicate the help text.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="WLAN Channel fully activated" /></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="WLAN Channel partly activated" /></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 27: IO-Link Wireless Master settings - Channel selection*

- Select the operating channels required for device operation.
- Click **Apply**.
- The selected WLAN channels are configured.
Expert settings

The expert mode allows a refinement of the transmission frequencies to be used. Here, each individual operating channel can be activated or deactivated. Since the list of operating channels is based on the WLAN channels, there are overlaps. When activating/deactivating the operating channels, these overlaps are automatically taken into consideration.

The complete range of wireless operating channels comprises 80 bitwise coded 1 MHz frequency channels.

- The wireless channels 1 (2401 MHz), 2 (2402 MHz), 79 (2479 MHz) and 80 (2480 MHz) are used for network configurations and cannot be configured.
- The wireless channels 3-78 (2403 … 2478 MHz) can be configured to be used or not for IO-Link wireless communication within a Wireless Master. Frequency Hopping is used for transmission on different frequency channels on the 2.4 GHz Band frequency.

Note:
The ranges of wireless operating channels assigned to each of the WLAN channels 01 to 13 overlap each other. In consequence, if an 1 MHz frequency channel option is configured for one WLAN channel, this will have effect on the corresponding 1 MHz frequency channel that is also assigned to a WLAN channel in the neighborhood.

Important:
The use of this mode is for experts only!

- Check Expert settings.
- The following view appears with configuration options of each single MHz frequency.
Figure 20: Channel selection tab, Expert settings (example)
8.3.7.2 Configuration

- Select **IO-Link Wireless Master** in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Then select the **Configuration** tab.

![Configuration Tab](image)

*Figure 21: IO-Link Wireless Master > Configuration tab*

Use the IO-Link Wireless Master > Configuration tab to view or adapt the IO-Link Wireless Master settings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value, Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Master ID</td>
<td>Master identifier</td>
<td>1 … 29, 0: when not yet configured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pairing Timeout</td>
<td>Timeout for pairing in seconds.</td>
<td>5 … 60, 0: when not yet configured</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Connectivity</td>
<td>Adaptive Hopping Table: Basically this option is</td>
<td>“checked”, “unchecked” (default)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(intended for future use)</td>
<td>an enhancement to Frequency Division Multiple</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Access (FDMA) technology. If “checked”, this</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>option is used.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reconnect: If “checked”, reconnection trials</td>
<td>“checked” (default), “unchecked”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>will be performed when connections are lost.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WT1 Track Mode</td>
<td>Operating mode of wireless track</td>
<td>Stop, Cyclic, Service, Auto, Default:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WT3 Track Mode</td>
<td>• Stop: track is inactive,</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Cyclic: track is in cyclic only mode and can't</td>
<td>Cyclic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>perform service operations,</td>
<td>Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Service: track is in service mode, meaning,</td>
<td>Auto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cyclic mode that can perform service operations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Auto</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WT1 TXPower…</td>
<td>Transmission power</td>
<td>1 … 31, Default: 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WT3 TXPower</td>
<td>The maximum allowable value for the TX Power</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>parameter is selected by the IO-Link Wireless</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Master.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 28: IO-Link Wireless Master settings - Configuration*
Make settings for the parameters “Master ID”, “Pairing Timeout”, “Advanced Connectivity”, “WT1 Track Mode … WT3 Track Mode”, and “WT1 TXPower … WT3 TXPower”.

Click **Apply**.

The request appears **Applying configuration will restart the device. Are you sure?**

Click **Yes**.

Wait until reset operation is finished and result is shown:

The message **Master configured successfully appears**.

**“Master configuration failed” error handling**

When the IO-Link Wireless Master went to an error status, a red triangle icon 🔄 appears for Master in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server and the message **Master configuration failed**. For trouble shooting:

- Delete the Master configuration.
- Perform a device reset.

For further information, refer to *Configuring the IO-Link Wireless Master* [* page 78].
8.3.7.3 Scan and pairing

- Select **IO-Link Wireless Master** in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the **Scan** tab.

![Scan tab](image)

**Figure 22: Scan tab**

Use the Scan tab, to scan for unconnected devices.

- Select **TxPower**.

The value range of “TxPower” (Transmission power) is “1 … 31” and the default value “31”.

- Click **Scan start**.

眉毛 The system searches for unconnected devices. The scan result is being displayed after a while.

![Scan tab result](image)

**Figure 23: “Scan tab”, scan result**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value, Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Index</td>
<td>Device index</td>
<td>0 … 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unique ID</td>
<td>Identification of the found IO-Link Device as unique ID (UUID, 9 Bytes).</td>
<td>0 … 0xFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Copy/note the unique ID. This value is required for port configuration.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slot Type</td>
<td>Slot type of the found device</td>
<td>Single slot, Double slot, Default: Single slot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revision ID</td>
<td>Revision ID of the found device</td>
<td>0: No device connected, Others: Software revision running on the found device</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Parameter | Description | Value, Value range
---|---|---
**Port** | ID of wireless IO-Link port to which the IO-Link Device is to be paired.  
Note: For a device featuring “Double slot” an even port must be assigned.  
Otherwise the error message appears: “Pairing failed HTTP Error 500:NetProxy returned with an error: C0000124”  
If a port is not shown in the selection list, you can use the Remove option (see section **Pairing** [page 66]). | WP01 … WP16

**Pairing** | A pairing service is provided to pair a found IO-Link Device to a wireless IO-Link port of the IO-Link Wireless Master. | Pair (green), Unpair (red), Default: Pair (green)

#### Table 29: Scan result, pairing

The scan result includes a textual description: “Scan finished: [number of found devices] device(s) found”. For scan errors appears: “Scan failed HTTP Error [error number]: [short description of error]” plus a further message in the upper part of the scan tab.

### Pairing / unpairing

For pairing an IO-Link Device to a wireless IO-Link port of the IO-Link Wireless Master device during device commissioning:

- In the Scan tab in the scan result, select the **Port**.
- Click **Pair**.
- Pairing is performed and “Pair” (green) switches to “Unpair” (red). The message **Pairing succeeded** appears.

You can change made pairing setting as follows:

- To unpair an IO-Link Device and a paired wireless IO-Link port, click **Unpair**. The message **Unpairing succeeded** appears.

For further information, refer to *Configuring the IO-Link Wireless Master* [page 78].
8.3.8 Device or port information, pairing, IOLWD update

In the port specific tabs Information, Status, Settings, ISDU, and Process Data, you can display device or port information individually for each of the wireless IO-Link ports of the IO-Link Wireless Master device. In the Settings tab you also can make port-specific settings, see Port settings [page 61]. In the Pairing tab, you can pair, unpair or remove wireless devices for 16 ports. In the IOLWD Update tab, you can update the firmware for max. 16 wireless target devices.

Access the tabs as follows:

- In the left-hand column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server, click on the wireless IO-Link port WP01, WP02, WP03, ...
- The Information tab of the corresponding wireless IO-Link port appears.
- To open another tab, click Status, Settings, Pairing, IOLWD Update, ISDU, or Process Data.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tab</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Information</td>
<td>Displays some “Device information” of the IO-Link Device (Min cycle time, Function ID, Number of profile IDs, Vendor name, Vendor text, Product name, Product ID, Product text, Serial number, Hardware revision, Firmware revision).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Displays port status information (Port state, Port quality, Revision ID, Master cycle time, Input data length, Output data length, Vendor ID, Device ID, Signal quality). This tab shows current settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settings</td>
<td>Display and setting of port parameters (Port mode, Port cycle time, Validation and backup, Vendor ID, Device ID, Low power device, Max PD segment length, Unique ID, Slot number, Track number, Device TX power, Max retry, Slot type, IMA Time), see Port settings [page 61]. This tab shows current settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pairing</td>
<td>Pairing of new devices (pairing by button or by Unique ID)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOLWD Update</td>
<td>Firmware update of the IOLW device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISDU</td>
<td>Display of the Index Service Data Units:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Read/write access to parameters of the connected IO-Link Device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Read/write access to parameters of the IO-Link Wireless Master device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Process Data</td>
<td>Display of the process data (input/output)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 30: Information, Status, Settings, Pairing, IOLWD Update, ISDU, or Process Data
8.3.8.1 Device information

The Information tab displays some “Device information” of the IO-Link Device connected to a wireless IO-Link port. The official IO-Link SMI layer does not provide this information.

- In the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server, select the wireless IO-Link port with the connected IO-Link Device.
- The Information tab appears with the device information of the connected device.

![Figure 24: Information tab, Device information (example)](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameters</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value / Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Min cycle time</td>
<td>Minimum cycle duration supported by a Device. This is a performance feature of the Device and depends on its technology and implementation.</td>
<td>0 ... ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function ID</td>
<td>Function ID of connected device.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of profile IDs</td>
<td>Provides the number of ProfileIDs contained in the ProfileCharacteristic (index 0x000D) of the connected device. The complete list the ProfileIDs has to be read using common OnRequestData Read mechanism.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor name</td>
<td>Detailed name of vendor of connected device.</td>
<td>Character string (up to 64 characters)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor text</td>
<td>Additional vendor information of the connected device.</td>
<td>Character string (up to 64 characters)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product name</td>
<td>Detailed product or type name of the connected device.</td>
<td>Character string (up to 64 characters)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product ID</td>
<td>Product or type identification of connected device.</td>
<td>Character string (up to 64 characters)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product text</td>
<td>Description of function or characteristic of connected device.</td>
<td>Character string (up to 64 characters)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serial number</td>
<td>Vendor specific serial number of connected device.</td>
<td>Character string (up to 16 characters)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardware revision</td>
<td>Revision of hardware of connected device in a vendor specific format.</td>
<td>Character string (up to 64 characters)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firmware revision</td>
<td>Revision of firmware in connected device in a vendor specific format.</td>
<td>Character string (up to 64 characters)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 31: Information tab, with Device information*
8.3.8.2 Port status

- Select the wireless IO-Link port in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the Status tab.
  - The current values for the status data of the selected wireless IO-Link port appear.

![Status tab, Port status (example)](image)

**Table 32: Port status, overview**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value, Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port state</td>
<td>Current port state of wireless IO-Link port</td>
<td>Pairing success, Pairing timeout, Pairing wrong slot type, Inactive, Port ready, Communication ready, Operate, Communication lost, Revision fault, Compatibility fault, Serial number fault, Process data fault, Cycle time fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Descriptions of the possible values are listed in table Port state, possible values [page 60].</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port quality</td>
<td>Status information of process data</td>
<td>PDI valid, PDI invalid, PDO valid, PDO invalid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Input process data is valid, Input process data is not valid</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Output process data is valid, Output process data is not valid</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revision ID</td>
<td>Revision ID of the connected device</td>
<td>0: No device connected Others: Revision ID of connected device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This parameter is specified by the connected device. It indicates software revision running on the connected device.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master cycle time</td>
<td>Cycle time of communication in Operate mode</td>
<td>&quot;Free running&quot;, 5 ms … 315 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Master cycle time is a Master parameter and sets up the actual cycle time of a particular wireless IO-Link port.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;Free running&quot;: The Minimum Master cycle time is configured, based on the PD Segmentation length, Slot Type and Max Retry configurations.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input data length</td>
<td>Real input data length of connected device in bytes</td>
<td>0 … 32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output data length</td>
<td>Real output data length of connected device in bytes</td>
<td>0 … 32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor ID</td>
<td>Vendor ID of the connected IO-Link Device</td>
<td>0 … 0xFFFF, Default: 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device ID</td>
<td>Device ID of the connected IO-Link Device</td>
<td>0 … 0xFFFFFF, Default: 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal quality</td>
<td>Signal quality gives a relative indication on strength of radio connection between IO-Link Wireless Master device and the connected IO-Link Device. The indicated value does not change during runtime.</td>
<td>0% … 100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Status tab with port status data provides answers to the questions:

- What is the current port state of the wireless IO-Link port?
- Is the process data valid for input or output?

Further port status values are displayed.

The following table contains all possible values for the Port state:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pairing success</td>
<td>Device is connected to the port via radio and there is wireless communication with the connected device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pairing timeout</td>
<td>A timeout has occurred for the connection from this port to the device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pairing wrong slot type</td>
<td>A wrong slot type is used for the connection from this port to the device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inactive</td>
<td>The port is inactive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port ready</td>
<td>The port is ready.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communication ready</td>
<td>The device is ready for communication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operate</td>
<td>The device is in communication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communication lost</td>
<td>The communication to the device is broken down.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revision fault</td>
<td>An error was found during revision check.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compatibility fault</td>
<td>An error was found during compatibility check.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serial number fault</td>
<td>An error was found during serial number check.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Process data fault</td>
<td>An error was found during process data check.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cycle time fault</td>
<td>The configured cycle time does not match the connected device.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 33: Port state, possible values*
8.3.8.3 Port settings

Use the Settings tab to view and change the port settings individually.

- Select the desired wireless port (WP01, WP02, WP03, ...) in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the Settings tab with its sub tabs.
- The Port cycle sub tab appears by default.

Settings > Port cycle

![Settings tab, Port cycle sub tab (example)](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value / Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port mode</td>
<td>Operating mode of IO-Link port</td>
<td>Deactivated, Cyclic, Roaming, Default: Deactivated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Deactivated: The port is inactive, Input and Output Process Data is 0.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Cyclic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Roaming</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port cycle time</td>
<td>Port cycle time expected by the SMI client</td>
<td>See table <em>Calculation of the port cycle time of the IO-Link Wireless Master</em> [† page 62].</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The expected cycle time of the port is set depending on the selected operating parameters.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Time base: Used time base for the calculation of the port cycle time.</td>
<td>Free running, 5 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Time multiplier: Used factor for the calculation of the port cycle time.</td>
<td>0 … 63</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Values are in hexadecimal

- Configure port operating mode **Port mode** by selecting the corresponding option.
- Configure the “Port cycle time”.

The parameter “Port cycle time” sets up the cycle time of a W-Port of the W-Master. The cycle time is encoded using "Time base" (bits 6+7) and "Multiplier" (bits 0-5) values, as shown in the following table:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range of values</th>
<th>Time base (Bits 7+6)</th>
<th>Multiplier (Bits 5-0)</th>
<th>Resulting Cycle time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>00</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>free-running mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 ... 64</td>
<td>00</td>
<td>1 ... 63</td>
<td>Note: If the free-running mode is chosen with a time base of 0, the W-Master stack will automatically configure the Master cycle time to be the Minimum Master cycle time based on the PD Segmentation length, Slot Type, and Max Retry configurations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65 ... 127</td>
<td>01: 5ms</td>
<td>1 ... 63 as multiplier</td>
<td>5 ... 315 ms (Time Base * Multiplier) Note: For W-Devices and W-Bridges the minimum possible transmission time is 5 ms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>128 ... 255</td>
<td>10 ... 11: reserved</td>
<td>1 ... 63</td>
<td>reserved, do not use</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 35: Calculation of the port cycle time of the IO-Link Wireless Master

- Select the **Time base** and the **Time multiplier** for the "Port cycle time" calculation.
- The result is indicated as value or text in brackets, e.g. *Port cycle time (Free running).*

**Settings > Validation level**
- Open the **Validation level** sub tab.

![Figure 27: Settings tab, Validation level sub tab (example)](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value / Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Validation and backup</td>
<td>The table below contains descriptions for the possible values for the inspection level to be performed by the device and the Backup/Restore behavior:</td>
<td>Default: No device check</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor ID*</td>
<td>Expected Vendor ID of connected device This information is required to check the device for type compatibility.</td>
<td>0 … 0xFFFF, Default: 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device ID*</td>
<td>Expected Device ID of connected device This information is required to check the device for type compatibility.</td>
<td>1 … 0xFFFFFFFF, Default: 0xFFFFFFFF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 36: Settings in port configuration for IO-Link Device, Validation level sub tab

* Values are in hexadecimal
Under Validation and backup, configure possible values for the inspection level to be performed by the device and the Backup/Restore behavior.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No device check</td>
<td>There is no device check for validation or backup of connected IO-Link Devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type compare*, no Backup/Restore</td>
<td>A device check is performed for validation of connected IO-Link Devices to the specified device type, without backup/restore.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type compare*, Restore only</td>
<td>A device check is performed for validation or restore of connected IO-Link Devices to the specified device type, without backup. Setting is not supported / reserved for future use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type compare*, Backup and Restore</td>
<td>A device check is performed for validation or backup/restore of connected IO-Link Devices to the specified device type. Setting is not supported / reserved for future use.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Type compare means compare DeviceID and VendorID from the configuration object with the real device values.

Table 37: Validation and backup, possible values

➢ If necessary, set the expected port parameters Vendor ID and Device ID.

Settings > Transmission

➢ Open the Transmission sub tab.

![Transmission sub tab example](image)

Table 38: Settings in port configuration for IO-Link Device, Transmission sub tab

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value / Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Max PD Segment Length</td>
<td>This parameter contains the maximum segment length of the PDOOut data to the message handler to distribute PDOOut data within multiple wireless cycles. The maximum value depends by the actual transmission capacity of the used IO-Link Device.</td>
<td>1 ... 32 Byte, Default: 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slot number</td>
<td>Wireless slot number to be used for the port</td>
<td>0 ... 7, Default: 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Track number</td>
<td>Wireless track number to be used for the port</td>
<td>0, 1, 2, Default: 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device TX power</td>
<td>This parameter contains the transmit power level of the W-Device</td>
<td>1 ... 31, Default: 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max retry</td>
<td>Maximum number of retries for a transmission in OPERATE mode “Unknown” is indicated if there is no value available.</td>
<td>2 ... 31, Default: 8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Values are in hexadecimal
If necessary, set the expected port parameters Max PD Segment Length, Slot number, Track number, Device TX power or Max retry.

**Settings > Miscellaneous**

- Open the **Miscellaneous** sub tab.

---

**Figure 29: Settings tab, Miscellaneous sub tab (example)**

**Table 39: Settings in port configuration for IO-Link Device, Miscellaneous sub tab**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value / Value range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unique ID*</td>
<td>Unique ID of the IO-Link Device (9 Bytes)</td>
<td>0 … 0xFF, Default: 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use the Unique ID (UUID) from the scan result.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slot type</td>
<td>Slot type of the found device</td>
<td>Single slot, Double slot, Default: Single slot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use the slot type from the scan result.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Note: For a device featuring “Double slot” an even number must be</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>assigned as value for the slot.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMA Time 3 sec</td>
<td>Requested I-Am-Alive time for the OPERATE mode</td>
<td>1.664 ... 10 min (for higher values an error message appears), Default: 3 sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The I-Am-Alive time is calculated by multiplying the “time base”</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>with the “time multiplier”.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Time base: Used time base for the calculation of the I-Am-Alive time.</td>
<td>1.664 ms, 5 ms, 1 sec, 1 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Time multiplier: Used factor for the calculation of the I-Am-Alive time.</td>
<td>1 ... 255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low power device</td>
<td>Is the connected IO-Link Device a low power device or not</td>
<td>No, Yes, Default: No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Values are in hexadecimal

- To configure the Unique ID, use the Unique ID (UUID) from the scan result.
- If necessary, set the expected port parameters Slot type or Low power device.
- Configure the “IMA Time” (I-Am-Alive time).
The parameter “I-Am-Alive time” serves for W-Master and W-Device communication control if no other messages are transmitted. The W-Device has to send an “I-Am-Alive” messages to the W-Master before timeout, otherwise an error is reported, e.g. to start failsafe functionalities in the application.

The “I-Am-Alive time” is calculated by multiplying the "Time base" with the "Multiplier".

The Wireless Master verifies the calculated “I-Am-Alive time” with the following limits:

- **Minimum I-Am-Alive time** = \( W\text{-Sub-cycle duration} \times (\text{MaxRetry} + 1) \)
  
  If the calculated “I-Am-Alive time” is less than the “Minimum I-Am-Alive time”, the Wireless Master uses the “Minimum I-Am-Alive time” as resulting “I-Am-Alive time”.

- **Maximum I-Am-Alive time** = 10 minutes
  
  If the calculated “I-Am-Alive time” is greater than the “Maximum I-Am-Alive time”, the error message **Port configuration failed HTTP Error 500: NetProxy returned with an error: C0000124** appears.

- Select the **Time base** and the **Time multiplier** for the “IMA Time” calculation in order to avoid exceeding the maximum allowed value.
- The result is indicated as value in brackets.
- Click **Apply**.
- **Your changes now take effect. The message Port configured successfully appears and a green hook appears for the selected port in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server, indicating that a connection from an IO-Link Device to this wireless IO-Link port has been established, and that the IO-Link Device is in “operate” state.**

**Note:**

The green hook icon disappears if the IO-Link Wireless Master changes to an error state but the device connection is still established and in “connected” state (shown on top left corner of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server). If the device connection drops and the "disconnected" state is shown, the green hook icon is still visible and reflects the latest status obtained from the device.
8.3.8.4 Pairing

On the Pairing tab you can pair a wireless device (or a wireless bridge) that has not yet been scanned, i.e. whose unique ID is not yet known. Via the Pairing by button option unknown devices can be paired and replace the Unique ID.

Set port mode

- Select the wireless IO-Link port in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the Settings tab.
- Set the Port mode, as described in section Port settings [page 61] or in section Port settings for commissioning [page 80].

Switch to Pairing tab

- Open the Pairing tab.
- The Pairing tab appears as follows:

![Figure 30: Pairing tab after port mode was set correctly]

Pairing by button

- Now, press the button on the wireless device or on the bridge.
- Keep the button pressed at least for 5 seconds.
- Then, click Pair by Button.
- Keep the button (on the device or bridge) pressed at least for another three seconds.
- Wait for the message Pairing successfully finished!

Pairing by Unique ID

- Make sure that you use the correct unique ID for the respective device. To do so, use the wireless device with the UniqueID that has been recognized with the last Scan or Pairing by button procedure. You also can add the correct UniqueID manually in the Settings > Miscellaneous tab (see section Port settings [page 61]).
- Then, click Pair by UniqueID.
**Pairing successfully finished**

- Wait for the message **Pairing successfully finished!**
- The message **Pairing successfully finished!** appears:

![Configuration Interface](image)

*Figure 31: Pairing successfully finished*

**Unpair device**

- Click **UNPAIR**.
- The connected wireless device is unpaired.

**Remove device**

- Click **Remove**.
- The connected wireless device is removed.
- Port mode is set to **inactive**.
8.3.8.5 IOLWD Update

The IOLWD update is a firmware update of an IO-Link wireless devices or of a wireless bridge. I.e., there are 16 different target devices for the IOLWD update. The IOLWD update runs via the wireless connection of the respective port. This means, the IOLWD Update tab is only displayed if the wireless connection of the respective port is established.

Requirements and preparation:
- Changes to settings require operator or admin rights.
- Contact to Hilscher to get the IOLWD update zip file for your device.

---

**NOTICE**

**Bring the system into safe operating condition**

Never carry out a firmware update during operation of the system in which the wireless connected device is installed. Before each firmware update, the system must first be shut down properly, or must be brought into a safe operating state.

---

**NOTICE**

**Invalid firmware**

Loading invalid firmware files could render your device unusable. Only load firmware files to the device that are valid for this device. Otherwise, you might be forced to send in your device for repair.

---

**Important:**

If you update the firmware of the wireless connected device and you did not make a backup of the firmware and configuration data, you cannot restore the state of your device prior to the update, including the previously used firmware.

---

**IOLWD Update**

Proceed as follows:
- Select the wireless IO-Link port in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the **IOLWD Update** tab.
- Click **Choose File**.
- A file selection dialog appears.
- Select the firmware update file in this dialog.
- Click **Update**.
- The firmware update is performed. This takes a short while.
Figure 32: IOLWD update tab, IOLWD firmware successfully updated (example)
8.3.8.6 Device ISDU

The ISDU tab allows read and write access to the IO-Link Device connected to a wireless IO-Link port by means of Index and Subindex. The ISDU message format is used for this.

For the meaning of the Index and Subindex values, refer to the documentation of the connected IO-Link Device. For a description of the ISDU message format, refer to the IO-Link specification.

Required rights

Changes to settings require operator or admin rights. If these are not available, the ISDU tab is grayed out and the displayed values cannot be edited.

Access to IO-Link Device

To access the data of an IO-Link Device connected to the selected wireless IO-Link port via Index and Subindex (ISDU message format):

- Select the wireless IO-Link port to which the IO-Link Device is connected in the menu on the left.
- Open the ISDU tab.
- The ISDU tab is displayed.
Read access to IO-Link Device

To read data from the connected IO-Link Device, proceed as follows:

- Enter the Index for ISDU access as a hexadecimal value in the Index entry field.
- Enter the Subindex for ISDU access as a hexadecimal value in the Subindex entry field. The default value here is 00.
- In case of input errors, an error message appears.
- Click on Read.
- The read access is executed. An entry with a time stamp is written to the history at the bottom of the ISDU tab.

If the execution was successful, the text Read ok: and the result is displayed in the history. The entries in the history then have the following structure:

Time - Index:Subindex - Read ok: <Result>

If the execution was not successful, an error message with error codes of the IO-Link Wireless Master and IO-Link Device is displayed in the history.

In this case, the entries in the history have the following structure:

Time - Index:Subindex - Read failed:
IOLMErrorCode(<error code of the IO-Link master>):
IOLDErrorCode(<error code of the IO-Link Device>)

Information on the meaning of the error codes of the IO-Link master (IOLMErrorCode) and device (IOLDErrorCode) can be found in the IO-Link specification.

The following applies in both cases:

- The Time is displayed in the format HH:MM:SS
- Index and Subindex are displayed in hexadecimal format.

Write access to IO-Link Device

To write data to the connected IO-Link Device, proceed as follows:

- Enter the Index of the connected IO-Link Device that you want to access as a hexadecimal value in the Index entry field.
- Enter the Subindex of the connected IO-Link Device that you want to access as a hexadecimal value in the Subindex entry field. The default value here is 00.
- In case of input errors, an error message appears.
- Enter the data to be written (in hexadecimal, without spaces, e.g., 0102030405) in the Write data entry field.
- Click on Write.
- The write access is performed.
If the execution was successful, the text \textit{Write ok:} and the result is displayed in the history. The entries in the history then have the following structure:

\textbf{Time - Index:Subindex - Write ok: <Result>}

If the execution was not successful, an error message with error codes of the IO-Link Wireless Master and IO-Link Device is displayed in the history. The entries in the history then have the following structure:

\textbf{Time - Index:Subindex - Write failed: IOLMErrorCode(<error code of the IO-Link master>): IOLDErrorCode(<error code of the IO-Link Device>)}

**Delete the history of read and write accesses**

To clear the logged history of read and write accesses:

- Click \textit{Clear history}.
- The history of read and write accesses is deleted.

### 8.3.8.7 Master ISDU

The ISDU tab with the option Tigo Master Parameters enabled allows read and write access to the IO-Link Wireless Master device, by means of \textit{PortId} and \textit{ArgBlockId}. The ISDU message format is used for this.

\begin{figure}[h]
\centering
\includegraphics[width=\textwidth]{figure34.png}
\caption{Display of the ISDU, read/write IO-Link Wireless Master parameters}
\end{figure}
Required rights
Changes to settings require operator or admin rights. If these are not available, the ISDU tab is grayed out and the displayed values cannot be edited.

Access to IO-Link Wireless Master device
To access the data of the IO-Link Wireless Master via PortId and ArgBlockId (ISDU message format):
➢ In the menu on the left, select the wireless IO-Link port of the IO-Link Wireless Master to which an IO-Link Device is connected.
➢ Open the ISDU tab.
➢ The ISDU tab is displayed.
➢ Enable Tigo Master Parameters.
➢ The Tigo Master Parameters tab variant is displayed.

Read access to IO-Link Wireless Master device
To read data from the IO-Link Wireless Master device, proceed as follows:
➢ Enter the PortId of the IO-Link Wireless Master device that you want to access as a hexadecimal value in the PortId entry field.
➢ Enter the ArgBlockId of the IO-Link Wireless Master that you want to access as a hexadecimal value in the ArgBlockId entry field. The default value here is 00.
➢ In case of input errors, an error message appears.
➢ Click on Read.
➢ The read access is executed. An entry with a time stamp is written to the history at the bottom of the ISDU tab.

If the execution was successful, the text Read ok: and the result is displayed in the history. The entries in the history then have the following structure:

Time - PortId:ArgBlockId - Read ok: <Result>

If the execution was not successful, an error message with error codes of the IO-Link Wireless Master and IO-Link Device is displayed in the history.

In this case, the entries in the history have the following structure:

Time - PortId:ArgBlockId - Read failed:
IOLMErrorCode(<error code of the IO-Link master>):
IOLDErrorCode(<error code of the IO-Link Device>)

Information on the meaning of the error codes of the IO-Link master (IOLMErrorCode) and device (IOLDErrorCode) can be found in the IO-Link specification.

The following applies in both cases:
• The Time is displayed in the format HH:MM:SS
• PortId and ArgBlockId are displayed in hexadecimal format.
Write access to IO-Link Wireless Master device

To write data to the IO-Link Wireless Master device, proceed as follows:

- Enter the PortId of the IO-Link Wireless Master that you want to access as a hexadecimal value in the PortId entry field.
- Enter the ArgBlockId of the connected IO-Link Device that you want to access as a hexadecimal value in the ArgBlockId entry field. The default value here is 00.
- In case of input errors, an error message appears.
- Enter the data to be written (in hexadecimal, without spaces, e.g., 0102030405) in the ArgBlockData entry field.

Write example: PortId = 01, ArgBlockId = B090, ArgBlockData = 01020304
- Click on Write.
- The write access is performed.

If the execution was successful, the text Write ok: and the result is displayed in the history. The entries in the history then have the following structure:

Time - PortId:ArgBlockId - Write ok: <Result>

If the execution was not successful, an error message with error codes of the IO-Link Wireless Master and IO-Link Device is displayed in the history. The entries in the history then have the following structure:

Time - PortId:ArgBlockId:Data - Write failed:
IOLMErrorCode(<error code of the IO-Link master>):
IOLDErrorCode(<error code of the IO-Link Device>)

Delete the history of read and write accesses

To clear the logged history of read and write accesses:

- Click Clear history.
- The history of read and write accesses is deleted.
8.3.8.8 Process data

You can display the process data belonging to a specific wireless IO-Link port using the Process data tab.

To display the process data for a port:

- Select the wireless IO-Link port in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the **Process data** tab.
- The current values of process data configured for input or output are displayed in hexadecimal format under input or output.

![Figure 35: Display of the Process Data](image)

The Process Data tab shows the process data input and output values from and to a connected IO-Link Device:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PD input data</td>
<td>“Process Data” input data to the connected IO-Link Devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PD input valid</td>
<td>Binary coded Port Qualifier for Input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PD output data</td>
<td>“Process Data” output data from the connected IO-Link Devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PD output valid</td>
<td>Validation information for process data output. If Output Enable flag is set, data will be valid.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 40: Process data, parameters*

If no process data has been configured for a data direction (input or output), the corresponding field remains empty.
9 Commissioning

For commissioning the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLMIW device using the netFIELD Wireless Web Server proceed as described in the sections hereafter.

9.1 Obtaining IP address from EtherCAT Master

For IP-based communication to the Master the device requires an IP address, for example if the "netFIELD Wireless Web Server" or the "OPC UA Server" of the device are used. In delivery state, the device has no IP address. The IP address is to be set in the EtherCAT Master. The device receives the IP address from the EtherCAT Master.

For EtherCAT communication to the Master the device does not require an IP address.

Setting the device IP address in the EtherCAT Master

In the configuration software of the EtherCAT Master, you can set the IP address for the device. For this purpose, create a configuration project as described in section Configuring EtherCAT [page 26].

- Open the configuration software of the EtherCAT Master, such as TwinCAT.
- Open the EtherCAT properties window of the netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master device.
- Open the Advanced Settings ....
- Select Mailbox > EoE (Ethernet over EtherCAT).
- The window for setting the IP address (for the device) is displayed.
- Enter the IP address, the subnet mask and the IP address of the default gateway (typically the default gateway is the IP address of the EtherCAT Master).

![Advanced Settings](image)

Figure 36: Setting IP address

- Load the configuration into the EtherCAT Master.
9.2 Configuration with netFIELD Wireless Web Server

**Requirements**

To allow the commissioning or configuration using the netFIELD Wireless Web Server, the following requirements must be fulfilled:

- The device must be mounted, wired, and supplied with power.
- A browser is required, to connect to the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- A login as admin.
9.2.1 Configuring the IO-Link Wireless Master

- Select **IO-Link Wireless Master** in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- On the **Channel selection** tab select the WLAN channels required (for example, WLAN channels 01 to 04).
- Then open the **Configuration** tab.

![Figure 37: IO-Link Wireless Master > Configuration tab](image)

- Use the following IO-Link Wireless Master settings as possible values for commissioning. They will allow you to put the **NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM** device into operation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Possible value for commissioning</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Master ID</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Enter the Master ID this way: “1”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pairing Timeout</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Connectivity</td>
<td></td>
<td>(intended for future use)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WT1 Track Mode</td>
<td>Cyclic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WT2 Track Mode</td>
<td>Cyclic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WT3 Track Mode</td>
<td>Cyclic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WT1 TXPower</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>“31” = max. transmission power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WT2 TXPower</td>
<td>31</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WT3 TXPower</td>
<td>31</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 41: Configuration, possible values for IO-Link Wireless Master (example)

---

**Important:**
For proper device operation all three tracks must be activated.

- Click **Apply**.
- The request appears **Applying configuration will restart the device. Are you sure?**
Click Yes.

Wait until reset operation is finished and result is shown:
- The message **Master configured successfully** appears.
- The set IO-Link Wireless Master settings are used now.

**Scan**
- Select **IO-Link Wireless Master** in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the **Scan** tab.

Enter **TXPower** as decimal value: 31 (= maximum transmission power of the device)

Click **Scan start**.

The scan result is displayed. The connected device is found.

The following scan result values are displayed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Scan result (example)</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Index</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unique ID</td>
<td>0x03,0xf3,0x00,0x00,0x01,0x72,0xc0,0x45,0xcf</td>
<td>Copy/note the unique ID. This value is required for port configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slot Type</td>
<td>Double slot</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revision ID</td>
<td>0x11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port</td>
<td>“Select port”</td>
<td>Note: For a device featuring “Double slot” an even port must be assigned.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pairing</td>
<td>Pair (green)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 42: Scan result**
9.2.2 Port settings for commissioning

- Select the desired wireless port (WP01, WP02, WP03, ...) in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the Settings tab with its sub tabs.
- The Port cycle sub tab appears by default.

**Note:**
The values for the port settings given below are example values for commissioning of your NFD-3090-ECS-IOLMIW device.

**“Port cycle” sub tab**
The Port cycle sub tab includes the parameters Port mode and Port cycle time.

*Figure 40: Settings tab > Port cycle sub tab (example)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Example value for commissioning</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port mode</td>
<td>Cyclic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port cycle time</td>
<td>Time base</td>
<td>Time multiplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example 1</strong></td>
<td>Free running</td>
<td>(any selectable value)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example 2</strong></td>
<td>5 ms</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

_Port cycle time = 5 ms_

*Table 43: Settings > Port cycle (example values)*
“Validation level” sub tab

- Click Validation level.

The Validation level sub tab with the parameters Validation and backup, Vendor ID and Device ID appears.

![Figure 41: Settings tab > Validation level sub tab (example)](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Example value for commissioning</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Validation and backup</td>
<td>Default: No device check</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor ID</td>
<td>0x136</td>
<td>Example device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device ID</td>
<td>0x0174</td>
<td>Example device</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 44: Settings > Validation level (example values)

- Enter the **Vendor ID** and **Device ID** of the wireless connected IO-Link Device.

The Vendor ID and Device ID can be taken from the IODD or the device description of the manufacturer.
“Transmission” sub tab

- Click Transmission.

The Transmission sub tab with the parameters Max PD Segment Length, Slot number, Track number, Device TX power and Max retry appears.

![Figure 42: Settings tab > Transmission sub tab (example)](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Example value for commissioning</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum PD Segment Length</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Max. process data transmissible via IO-Link, as in the example device used If this maximum value of the used device is not available, enter “32”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slot number</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Track number</td>
<td>0 (=WT1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device TX power</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>31 = max. transmission power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum retry</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Example value</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 45: Settings > Transmission (example values)*
“Miscellaneous” sub tab

- Click Miscellaneous.

The Transmission sub tab with the parameters Unique I, Slot type, IMA Time 3 sec and Low power device appears.

![Image of Settings tab > Miscellaneous sub tab (example)](image)

**Figure 43: Settings tab > Miscellaneous sub tab (example)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Example value for commissioning</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unique ID</td>
<td>0x03,0xf3,0x00,0x00,0x01,0x72,0xc0,0x45,0xcf</td>
<td>The Unique ID consists of 9 numbers. Use the Unique ID from the scan result.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slot type</td>
<td>Single slot</td>
<td>Use the slot type from the scan result. Note: For a device featuring “Double slot” an even number must be assigned as value for the slot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMA Time 3 sec</td>
<td>Time base: 1 sec, Time multiplier: 3</td>
<td>Default value is used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low power device</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 46: Settings > Miscellaneous (example values)**

- Enter the Unique ID numbers without space. Use the Unique ID from the scan result (see Configuring the IO-Link Wireless Master [page 78]).
- Click Apply.

A description of the parameters on the sub tabs shown can be found under Port settings [page 61]. For details on track and port, see Wireless [page 89]. For the corresponding process data as result from the configuration made, see Testing [page 84].
9.3 Testing

**Process data**

- Select the desired wireless port (WP01, WP02, WP03, ...) in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the **Process Data** tab.
- The following process data are the result of the represented commissioning example with a laser distance sensor.

![Figure 44: Tab and table “Port process data” (example PD input valid = OK)](image)

**Note:**

Displayed values coming from a real sensor, can change if sensor conditions change.

**Status**

- Select the desired wireless port (WP01, WP02, WP03, ...) in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the **Status** tab.
- The following port status data are the values displayed after configuration steps for the IO-Link Wireless Master and the port configuration are completed.

![Figure 45: Status tab, Port status](image)

The displayed values are real values from the device.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Displayed values</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Displayed values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port state</td>
<td>Operate</td>
<td>Output data length</td>
<td>0 Bytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port quality</td>
<td>PDI invalid, PDO invalid</td>
<td>Vendor ID</td>
<td>0x136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revision ID</td>
<td>0x11</td>
<td>Device ID</td>
<td>0x174</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master cycle time</td>
<td>15 ms</td>
<td>Signal quality</td>
<td>15 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input data length</td>
<td>2 Bytes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 47: Status tab, Port status, displayed values*
Information

- Select the desired wireless port (WP01, WP02, WP03, ...) in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the **Information** tab.
- The following device information data are example values displayed after configuration steps for the IO-Link Wireless Master and the port configuration are completed.

![Information tab, Device information](image)

*Figure 46: Information tab, Device information*
9.4 Master reset

To perform a reset of the IO-Link Wireless Master NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device, proceed as follows.

1. Safety

**NOTICE**

**Bring the system into safe operating condition**

Never carry out a firmware update during operation of the system in which the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device is installed. Before each firmware update, the system must first be shut down properly, or must be brought into a safe operating state.

**NOTICE**

**Invalid firmware**

Loading invalid firmware files could render your device unusable. Only load firmware files to the device that are valid for this device. Otherwise, you might be forced to send in your device for repair.

**Important:**

If you update the firmware of the NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device and you did not make a backup of the firmware and configuration data, you cannot restore the state of your device prior to the update, including the previously used firmware.

2. Firmware update

- Select **Settings** in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the **Firmware update** tab.
- First click **Delete all settings**.
- Then click **Reset**.

   The device reset is complete. The message **Device reset successfully appears**.

For detailed descriptions on the firmware update page, see **Firmware update** [page 40].
9.5 Indexed Service Data Units

**Read/write IO-Link Device parameters**

The function of the ISDU tab is to read from or write to one IO-Link object of the connected IO-Link Device.

- Select **Master** in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the **ISDU** tab.
- For example, you can read an IO-Link object from an IO-Link Device, e.g. to know the device manufacturer.

![ISDU tab, read/write IO-Link Device parameters](image)

- To read data from the IO-Link Device click **Read**.
- The time stamp and the corresponding data are displayed in ASCII format below.

For detailed descriptions on the ISDU tab, see *Device ISDU* [page 70].

**Read/write IO-Link Wireless Master parameters**

The function of the ISDU tab with option Tigo Master Parameters enabled is to read from or write to one IO-Link object from the IO-Link Wireless Master.

- Select **Master** in the left column of the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.
- Open the **ISDU** tab.
- Enable **Tigo Master Parameters**.
Example

Write example
- PortId: 1
- ArgBlockId: B090
- ArgBlockData: 112233

Read example
- PortId: 1
- ArgBlockId: B090

Figure 48: ISDU tab, read/write IO-Link Wireless Master parameters

➢ To read data from the IO-Link Wireless Master device click **Read**.
➢ The time stamp and the corresponding data are displayed in ASCII format below.

For detailed descriptions on the ISDU tab with option Tigo Master Parameters enabled, see *Master ISDU* [page 72].
9.6 Wireless

For each track up to 8 IO-Link Devices can be connected via a wireless connection.

The tracks and slots for the IO-Link Devices, configured with the wireless IO-Link port configuration, must be unique! For each connected IO-Link Device, 1 wireless track must be configured and 1 slot must be configured.

The presented commissioning example includes 1 connected IO-Link Device. The chosen values were:

- **Track**: 0x00
- **Slot**: 0x00

Any further slots must be configured to free slots.

**Note:**
If slot type = “Double slot”, then the value for slot must be an even number.

The following table shows an example for track and slot configuration for a connected IO-Link Device if the slot type “Double slot” is configured.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Track</th>
<th>Slot 0</th>
<th>Slot 1</th>
<th>Slot 2</th>
<th>Slot 3</th>
<th>Slot 4</th>
<th>Slot 5</th>
<th>Slot 6</th>
<th>Slot 7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>W-device with double slot</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
<td>free</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 48: Track and Slot – example 1 wireless device with slot type “double slot”*

9.7 Setting date and time

The device has a built-in timing unit. To get the date and time from an NTP server using Network Time Protocol (NTP), the device needs the IP address of the NTP server. An OPC UA client is required to set the IP address of the NTP server.

Chapter *NTP Client configuration* [† page 99] describes the nodes of the OPC UA server for configuring the NTP client.

Chapter *Setting date and time of the device via OPC UA* [† page 92] describes how to set the IP address of the NTP server via an OPC UA client.
9.8 Using OPC UA Client

The device has an integrated OPC UA server. You can communicate with the device using an OPC UA client.

For test purposes, you can use e.g. the UaExpert from Unified Automation GmbH:

http://www.unifiedautomation.com

The authentication "anonymous" allows an OPC UA client read access to the device.

The authentication "User name and password" allows an OPC UA client read access and write access to the device if the user used has the permission to write.

9.8.1 Connecting with device

Requirements

- You have an OPC UA client.
- For write access to the device: You know the user name and password, and you have the permission to write.
- You know the IP address of the device.

Without user name and password, you can access the device "anonymously" and read data.

Step-by-step instructions

Establish a connection to the device:

- Start UaExpert.
- Use File > New to create a new project.
- Use Server > Add to add a new server.
- The tab Discovery displays the dialog Add Server.
In the field **Configuration name**, enter a name for your configuration, e.g. **Test**.

Select the tab **Advanced**.

In the area **Server Information** of the tab **Advanced**, enter the following text in the data field **Endpoint Url**:

```
opc.tcp://<IP address>:4840
```

For `<IP address>` enter the IP address of your device.

In the area **Authentication Settings**, select the option **Username/Password** if you want to execute a write access to the device or select **Anonymous** if a read access is sufficient.

If you have selected the option **Username/Password**, enter your user name and, if necessary, your password.

Click **Ok**.

In the project window, under **Project > Servers**, the UaExpert enters the server, e.g. **Test**.

Open the context menu of the server (Test) and select **Connect**.

The connection will be established.
9.8.2 Setting date and time of the device via OPC UA

Requirements

- You have an OPC UA client.
- You know the username and password, and you have the permission to write.
- You know the IP address of an NTP server.
- You have converted the IP address of the NTP server into a decimal number, as described below.
- You have already established a connection to the device.

Example of an NTP server

NTP server ptbtime1.ptb.de of the German Federal Institute of the Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt in Braunschweig with the IP address 192.53.103.108

Substitute NTP server (optional) of the NTP server ptbtime2.ptb.de of the Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt in Braunschweig with the IP address 192.53.103.104

Converting an IP address into a decimal number

To convert the IP address to a decimal number, use the following formula. Starting from an IP address in the format A.B.C.D:

\[((A \times 256 + B) \times 256 + C) \times 256 + D\] = IP address as a decimal number

Example of IP address 192.53.103.108

\[((192 \times 256 + 53) \times 256 + 103) \times 256 + 108\] = 3224725356

Step-by-step instructions

- In the window Address Space, open the context menu:
  Root> Objects> DeviceSet> [Device name] > Configuration> NtpClient>
  NtpClientUpdateConfiguration.

Figure 49: Node NtpClientUpdateConfiguration (1)

- In the context menu select Call.
The dialog **Call NtpClientUpdateConfiguration on NtpClient** will be displayed:

In the area **Input Arguments**, in the input field **ServerIpAddress**, enter the value 3224725356 for the IP address of the NTP server.

In the area **Input Arguments**, in the input field **ServerIpAddressFallback**, enter 3224725352 for the IP address of the substitute NTP server.

Click **Call**.

If the function call was successful, the output field to the right of **Status** in the area **Output Arguments** displays 0. A green bar with the text "succeeded" appears in the area **Result**. The two variables **ServerIpAddress** and **ServerIpAddressFallback** are now set. Via NTP the device gets the current date and time of the time server and synchronizes its internal timing unit.
10 Communication

10.1 Process image

This chapter describes the process data. EtherCAT uses process data objects (PDO) to transfer process data. Process data from the EtherCAT Master to the EtherCAT Slave are transferred with the objects 0x160x and are called receive PDOs (RxPDO). Process data from the EtherCAT Slave to the EtherCAT Master are transferred with the objects 0x1A0x, 0x1A11 and 0x1A80 and are called transmit PDOs (TxPDO).

The device uses several TxPDOs for the transmission of the input process data:
- One object 0x1A0x per wireless port with the IO-Link input data.
- Object 0x1A11 with the status "New message available"
- Object 0x1A80 with the status of the wireless IO-Link ports

The device uses several RxPDOs for the transmission of the output process data:
- One object 0x160x for each wireless port with the IO-Link output data.

Input process data

Objekte 0x1A0x: The contents of the objects 0x1A00 to 0x1A0F depend on the parameterized operating mode of the corresponding wireless port. For the "IO-Link" port operating modes, the object 0x1A0x contains process data. The assignment is:
- Object 0x1A00 is assigned to WP01,
- Object 0x1A01 to WP02, … and
- Object 0x1A0F to WP16.

Objects 0x1A0x: The following table describes the assignment of the input process data to the wireless port.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index</th>
<th>Subindex</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0x6000.01</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Input byte 0</td>
<td>Object 0x1A00 with input data of the wireless port WP01.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x6000.02</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Input byte 1</td>
<td>IO-Link input data of the IO-Link Device at WP01. For a description of the data, see the manual of the manufacturer of the IO-Link Device used.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x6000.20</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Input byte 31</td>
<td>The number of &quot;Input bytes&quot; corresponds to the length of the module used in the &quot;IO-Link WP01&quot; slot and can be 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 bytes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x6010.01</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Input byte 0</td>
<td>Object 0x1A01 with input data of the wireless port WP02.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x6010.02</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Input byte 1</td>
<td>IO-Link input data of the IO-Link Device at WP02. For a description of the data, see the manual of the manufacturer of the IO-Link Device used.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x6010.20</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Input byte 31</td>
<td>The number of &quot;Input bytes&quot; corresponds to the length of the module used in the &quot;IO-Link WP02&quot; slot and can be 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 bytes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

...
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index Subindex</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0x60F0.01</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Input byte 0</td>
<td>Object 0x1A0F with input data of the wireless port WP16.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x60F0.02</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Input byte 1</td>
<td>IO-Link input data of the IO-Link Device at WP16. For a description of the data, see the manual of the manufacturer of the IO-Link Device used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>…</td>
<td>…</td>
<td>…</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x60F0.20</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Input byte 31</td>
<td>The number of &quot;Input bytes&quot; corresponds to the length of the module used in the &quot;IO-Link WP16&quot; slot and can be 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 bytes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 50: Objects 0x1A0x: Assignment of the IO-Link input data

**Object 0x1A11**: Object 0x1A11 transmits the status "new message present".

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index Subindex</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0x10F3.04</td>
<td>1 Bit</td>
<td>New Message Available Flag</td>
<td>New message available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Overwrite mode:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0: Latest message has been read</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1: Latest message has not been read</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acknowledgement mode:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0: No unconfirmed message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1: Diagnostic messages are present that can be confirmed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7 Bit</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 51: Object 0x1A11: "New message present" assignment

**Object 0x1A80**: Object 0x1A80 transmits the status of the wireless IO-Link port.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index Subindex</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0xF100.01</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>State of WP01</td>
<td>0: PAIRING_SUCCESS (W-Device has been paired)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0xF100.02</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>State of WP02</td>
<td>1: PAIRING_TIMEOUT (W-Device hasn't been paired within the given timeout)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>…</td>
<td>…</td>
<td>2: PAIRING_WRONG_SLOTTYPE (W-Device has different SlotType as requested)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>…</td>
<td>…</td>
<td>3: INACTIVE (Communication disabled)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0xF100.10</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>State of WP16</td>
<td>4: PORTREADY (W-Port configuration successful)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5: COMREADY (Communication established and inspection successful)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6: OPERATE (W-Port is ready to exchange Process Data)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7: COMLOST (Communication failed, new synchronization procedure required)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8: REVISION_FAULT (Incompatible protocol revision)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9: COMP_FAULT (Incompatible W-Device or Legacy-Device according to the InspectionLevel)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10: SERNUM_FAULT (Mismatching SerialNumber according to the InspectionLevel)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 52: Object 0x1A80: Assignment of the wireless IO-Link port status
Output process data

Objects 0x160x: The contents of the objects 0x1600 to 0x160F depend on the parameterized operating mode of the corresponding wireless port. For the "IO-Link" and "Digital output" port operating modes, the object 0x160x contains process data. The assignment is:

- Object 0x1600 is assigned to WP01,
- Object 0x1601 to WP02, … and
- Object 0x160F to WP16.

Objects 0x160x: The following table describes the assignment of the output process data to the wireless port.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index Subindex</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0x7000.01</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Output byte 0</td>
<td>Object 0x1600 with output data of the WP01 wireless port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x7000.02</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Output byte 1</td>
<td>IO-Link output data of the IO-Link Device at WP01. For a description of the data, see the manual of the manufacturer of the IO-Link Device used. The number of &quot;Output bytes&quot; corresponds to the length of the module used in the &quot;IO-Link WP01&quot; slot and can be 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 bytes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x7000.20</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Output byte 31</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x7010.01</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Output byte 0</td>
<td>Object 0x1601 with output data of the WP02 wireless port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x7010.02</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Output byte 1</td>
<td>IO-Link output data of the IO-Link Device at WP02. For a description of the data, see the manual of the manufacturer of the IO-Link Device used. The number of &quot;Output bytes&quot; corresponds to the length of the module used in the &quot;IO-Link WP02&quot; slot and can be 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 bytes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x7010.20</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Output byte 31</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x70F0.01</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Output byte 0</td>
<td>Object 0x160F with output data of the WP16 wireless port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x70F0.02</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Output byte 1</td>
<td>IO-Link output data of the IO-Link Device at WP16. For a description of the data, see the manual of the manufacturer of the IO-Link Device used. The number of &quot;Output bytes&quot; corresponds to the length of the module used in the &quot;IO-Link WP16&quot; slot and can be 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 or 32 bytes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
<td>...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x70F0.20</td>
<td>1 Byte</td>
<td>Output byte 31</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 53: Object 0x160x: Assignment of the IO-Link output data
10.2 OPC UA

The device contains an OPC UA server. An OPC UA client can establish a connection to the device and access the following parameters:

- device identification,
- identification of the IO-Link Devices
- etc.

The OPC UA client establishes a connection via the following URL:

opc.tcp://IP address:4840

For IP address, use the IP address of the device.

The client can access device parameters anonymously (read only) or with user name/password (read and write). The user name and password are set with the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.

The following figure shows a section of the information model of the device.

Figure 53: OPC UA: Information model of the device
10.2.1 Device identification

The device provides nodes for device identification. For example, the OPC UA client can read the version of the device firmware used in the SoftwareRevision node. The path to these nodes is

Root > Object > DeviceSet > [Device name]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Node name</th>
<th>Node class</th>
<th>Access</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Device manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ManufacturerUri</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>URL of the device manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Model name of the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProductCode</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Product code of the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RevisionCounter</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Hardware revision of the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SerialNumber</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Serial number of the device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SoftwareRevision</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Revision/version of the device firmware</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 54: Device identification

10.2.2 Identification of connected IO-Link Devices

The device provides nodes for the identification of connected IO-Link Devices. For example, the OPC UA client can read the version of the device firmware used in the SoftwareRevision node. The path to these nodes is

Root > Object > DeviceSet > [Device name] > IOLinkWirelessMaster > PortXX > Device

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Node name</th>
<th>Node class</th>
<th>Access</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Device manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MinCycleTime</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Minimal cycle time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Model name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RevisionID</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Hardware revision</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SerialNumber</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Serial number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SoftwareRevision</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Revision/version of the firmware</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VendorID</td>
<td>Variable</td>
<td>read</td>
<td>Vendor identification</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 55: Identification of the connected IO-Link Devices
10.2.3 NTP Client configuration

The OPC UA server provides nodes for configuring the NTP client.

Path to these nodes:

Root > Object > DeviceSet > [Device Name] >
Configuration > NtpClient > Configuration >
CurrentConfiguration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Node name</th>
<th>Node class</th>
<th>Access</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| NtpClientServerIpAddress         | Variable   | read / write | 0       | IP address of the NTP server
The NTP client uses the set IP address to get the date and time from an NTP server.
The IP address must be converted into a decimal number. The calculation is explained below the table.
The value 0 disables the function. |
| NtpClientServerIpAddressFallback | Variable   | read / write | 0       | IP address of the NTP server (fallback)
Optional additional IP address if the NTP server cannot be reached via the IP address in the NtpClientServerIpAddress node.
The IP address must be converted into a decimal number. The calculation is explained below the table.
The value 0 disables the function. |

Table 56: NTP client configuration

Explanation of the calculation

To convert the IP address to a decimal number, use the following formula. Starting from an IP address in the format A.B.C.D:

\[((A \times 256 + B) \times 256 + C) \times 256 + D \equiv \text{IP address as a decimal number}\]

Example of IP address 192.53.103.108

\[((192 \times 256 + 53) \times 256 + 103) \times 256 + 108 = 3224725356\]
10.3 MQTT topics

10.3.1 General parts of a topic

The description of a topic contains parts that will be substituted.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic part</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>{prefix}</td>
<td>Prefix of each topic. The prefix is a text used to identify a device. Configurable in the netFIELD Wireless Web Server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[MASTER_NUMBER]</td>
<td>Number for each master in the gateway. Typically, the gateway has one master and MASTER_NUMBER is 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[PORT_NUMBER]</td>
<td>Number for each port of a master. If the master has 8 ports for example, PORT_NUMBER is 1 … 8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[DEVICE_ALIAS]</td>
<td>String to identify a device connected to a port of a master: masterXportY. Example: master1port3.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 57: General parts of a topic

10.3.2 Gateway topics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>{prefix}/iolink/v1/gateway/identification</td>
<td>Identification of the gateway: MAC address, serial number, product ID, vendor name, product name, hardware revision, firmware revision For an example, see Gateway Identification.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{prefix}/iolink/v1/gateway/capabilities</td>
<td>Capabilities of the gateway: IODD supported, MQTT supported For an example, see Gateway Capabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{prefix}/iolink/v1/gateway/configuration</td>
<td>Network configuration of the gateway: IP configuration, IP address, subnet mask, standard gateway For an example, see Gateway Configuration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 58: Gateway topics

You find examples and details about the transferred JSON objects below.

Gateway Identification

Example for the gateway identification JSON object:

```json
{
   "macAddress": "01:02:03:04:05:06",
   "serialNumber": "12345678",
   "productID": "TMP34Z",
   "vendorName": "SensorCompany",
   "productName": "FlowSensor34",
   "hardwareRevision": "V2.34",
   "firmwareRevision": "V1.23"
}
```

Gateway Capabilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ioddSupported</td>
<td>&quot;ioddSupported&quot;: true: IODD is available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;ioddSupported&quot;: false: IODD is not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mqttSupported</td>
<td>&quot;mqttSupported&quot;: true: MQTT is available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;mqttSupported&quot;: false: MQTT is not available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 59: Gateway Capabilities, "JSON key"
Example for the gateway capabilities JSON object:
{
  "ioddSupported": true,
  "mqttSupported": false
}

Gateway Configuration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;ipConfiguration&quot;</td>
<td>Possible values for &quot;ipConfiguration&quot;:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- &quot;MANUAL&quot;: Assignment of the IP address by other device-specific means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- &quot;DHCP&quot;: RFC 2131 defines the &quot;Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol&quot;, allowing automatic assignment of IP addresses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 'DCP': PROFINET defines the &quot;Discovery and Configuration Protocol&quot;, a link-layer protocol that allows the manual assignment of IP addresses.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 60: Gateway Configuration, "JSON key"

Example for the gateway configuration JSON object:
{
  "ethIpv4":
  {
    "ipConfiguration": "MANUAL",
    "ipAddress": "192.168.1.13",
    "subnetMask": "255.255.255.0",
    "standardGateway": "192.168.1.1"
  }
}
## 10.3.3 Master topics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters</code></td>
<td>Available master number keys and identification information: Master number, serial number, location tag. For an example, see Master List.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/[MASTER_NUMBER]/capabilities</code></td>
<td>Capabilities of the master: Number of ports, max. power supply of the device) Example: <code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/1/capabilities</code> For an example, see Master Capabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/[MASTER_NUMBER]/identification</code></td>
<td>Identification of the master: Vendor name, vendor ID, master ID, master type, serial number, application-specific tag, location tag, function tag. Example: <code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/1/identification</code> For an example, see Master Identification.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/[MASTER_NUMBER]/ports</code></td>
<td>Available port number keys: Port number, status info, device alias. Example: <code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/1/ports</code> For an example, see Port List.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/[MASTER_NUMBER]/ports/[PORT_NUMBER]/capabilities</code></td>
<td>Read capability information of the port: Max power supply of the port, port type. Example: <code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/1/ports/4/capabilities</code> For an example, see Port Capabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/[MASTER_NUMBER]/ports/[PORT_NUMBER]/status</code></td>
<td>Read current status of the port: Status Info, IO-Link revision, master cycle time. Example: <code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/1/ports/4/status</code> For an example, see Port Status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/[MASTER_NUMBER]/ports/[PORT_NUMBER]/configuration</code></td>
<td>Read configuration of the port: Mode, validation and backup, cycle time, vendor ID, device ID, slot number, track number, device TX power, max retry, IMA time (I-am-alive time), slot type, low power device, max PD segment length, unique ID, device alias. Example: <code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/1/ports/4/configuration</code> For an example, see Port Configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/[MASTER_NUMBER]/ports/[PORT_NUMBER]/datastorage</code></td>
<td>Read data storage content of the port: Vendor ID, device ID, IO-Link revision. Example: <code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/masters/1/ports/4/datastorage</code> For an example, see Port Data Storage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Table 61: Master topics |

You find examples and details about the transferred JSON objects below.

**Master List**

Example for the master list JSON object:

```json
[
    {
        "masterNumber": 1,
        "serialNumber": "A0A1A2A3A4",
        "locationTag": "slot 2"
    },
    {
        "masterNumber": 2,
        "serialNumber": "B0B1B2B3B4",
        "locationTag": "slot 3"
    }
]
```
Master Capabilities

Example for the master capabilities JSON object:

```json
{
    "numberOfPorts": 8,
    "maxPowerSupply": {
        "value": 0.3,
        "unit": "A"
    }
}
```

Master Identification

Example for the master identification JSON object:

```json
{
    "vendorName": "Vendor GmbH",
    "vendorId": 26,
    "masterId": 42,
    "masterType": "Master acc. V1.0",
    "serialNumber": "IOLM123456",
    "applicationSpecificTag": "Fallback reader",
    "locationTag": "Down under",
    "functionTag": "Code reading"
}
```

Port list

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>statusInfo</td>
<td>Activated: &quot;statusInfo&quot;: &quot;DEVICE_ONLINE&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deactivated: &quot;statusInfo&quot;: &quot;DEACTIVATED&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceAlias</td>
<td>Possible values for &quot;deviceAlias&quot;:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>· &quot;Distance_sensor&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>· &quot;Pressure_sensor&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>· &quot;Switching_sensor&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>· &quot;Empty_port&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 62: Port List, "JSON key"

Example for the port list JSON object:

```json
[{
    "portNumber": 1,
    "statusInfo": "DEVICE_ONLINE",
    "deviceAlias": "Distance_sensor"
},
{
    "portNumber": 2,
    "statusInfo": "DEVICE_ONLINE",
    "deviceAlias": "Pressure_sensor"
},
{
    "portNumber": 3,
    "statusInfo": "DEVICE_ONLINE",
    "deviceAlias": "Switching_sensor"
},
{
    "portNumber": 4,
    "statusInfo": "DEACTIVATED",
    "deviceAlias": "Empty_port"
}]
```
Port Capabilities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>portType</td>
<td>Value for &quot;portType&quot; for IO-Link Wireless Master: &quot;WIRELESS_MASTER&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 63: Port Capabilities, "JSON key"

Example for the port capabilities JSON object:

```json
{
  "maxPowerSupply": {
    "value": 0.3,
    "unit": "A"
  },
  "portType": "WIRELESS_MASTER"
}
```

Port Status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>statusInfo</td>
<td>Activated: &quot;statusInfo&quot;: &quot;DEVICE_ONLINE&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deactivated: &quot;statusInfo&quot;: &quot;Deactivated&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 64: Port Status, "JSON key"

Example for the IO-Link wireless port status JSON object:

```json
{
  "statusInfo": "DEVICE_ONLINE",
  "iolinkRevision": "1.1",
  "masterCycleTime": {
    "value": "5.0",
    "unit": "ms"
  }
}
```

Port Configuration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mode</td>
<td>&quot;DEACTIVATED&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;IOLINK_CYCLIC&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;IOLINK_ROAMING&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>validationAndBackup</td>
<td>&quot;NODEVICECHECK&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;TYPE_COMPATIBLE&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;TYPE_COMPATIBLE_BACKUP_AND_RESTORE&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>slotNumber</td>
<td>0 ... 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trackNumber</td>
<td>0 ... 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deviceTxPower</td>
<td>1 ... 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>maxRetry</td>
<td>2 ... 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>imaTime</td>
<td>&quot;SINGLE_SLOT&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;DOUBLESLOT&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>maxPdSegmentLength</td>
<td>1 ... 32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 65: Port Configuration, "JSON key"

Example for the IO-Link wireless configuration JSON object:

```json
{
  "mode": "IOLINK_MANUAL",
  "validationAndBackup": "TYPE_COMPATIBLE",
  "cycleTime": {
    "value": 5.0,
    "unit": "ms"
  }
}
```
Example for the cycle time object JSON object:

```
{
    "value": "5.0",
    "unit": "ms"
}
```

Port Data Storage

Example for the port data storage JSON object:

```
"header": {
    "vendorId": 15,
    "deviceId": 65253,
    "i2clinkRevision": "1.1"
},
"content": "YmFzZTY0IGVuY3J5cHRlZCBjb250ZW50"
```
### 10.3.4 Device topics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/devices</code></td>
<td>Address all devices of all masters: Device alias, master number, port number. For an example, see Device List.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/devices/[DEVICE_ALIAS]/processdata/value</code></td>
<td>Read process data value from the device: Get data (IO-Link, IQ value), set data (IO-Link, IQ value). Example: <code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/devices/master1port4/processdata/value</code> For an example, see Device Process Data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/devices/[DEVICE_ALIAS]/processdata/getdata/value</code></td>
<td>Read process data input value from the device: Get Data (IO-Link, IQ value). Example: <code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/devices/master1port4/processdata/getdata/value</code> For an example, see Device Process Data Input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/devices/[DEVICE_ALIAS]/processdata/setdata/value</code></td>
<td>Read process data output value from the device: Set Data (IO-Link, IQ value). Example: <code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/devices/master1port4/processdata/setdata/value</code> For an example, see Device Process Data Output.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>iolink/v1/devices/[DEVICE_ALIAS]/events</code></td>
<td>Read event log from the device: Time, severity, origin, message. Example: <code>{prefix}/iolink/v1/devices/master1port4/events</code> For an example, see Device Events.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Table 66: Device topics |

#### Device List (JSON object)

Example for the device list JSON object:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>deviceAlias</td>
<td>Device alias</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>masterNumber</td>
<td>Master number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>portNumber</td>
<td>Port number</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Table 67: Device List (JSON object) |

Example for the device list JSON object:

```json
[
    {
        "deviceAlias" : "DT35",
        "masterNumber" : 1,
        "portNumber" : 1,
    },
    {
        "deviceAlias" : "DT36",
        "masterNumber" : 1,
        "portNumber" : 2,
    },
    {
        "deviceAlias" : "DT37",
        "masterNumber" : 1,
        "portNumber" : 3,
    },
    {
        "deviceAlias" : "DT38",
        "masterNumber" : 1,
        "portNumber" : 4,
    }
]
```
**Device Process Data (JSON object)**

Example for the device process data JSON object:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>getData</td>
<td>Get Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iolink</td>
<td>IO-Link</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iqValue</td>
<td>IQ value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setData</td>
<td>Set Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iolink</td>
<td>IO-Link</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iqValue</td>
<td>IQ value</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 68: Device Process Data (JSON object)

Example for the device process data JSON object

For an IO-Link device:

```json
{
   "getData" : {
      "iolink" : {
         "valid" : true,
         "value" : [12,22,216]
      },
      "iqValue" : false
   },
   "setData" : {
      "iolink" : {
         "valid" : true,
         "value" : [128,221,134]
      },
      "iqValue" : false
   }
}
```

**Device Process Data Input (JSON object)**

Example for the device process data input JSON object:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>getData</td>
<td>Get Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iolink</td>
<td>IO-Link</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iqValue</td>
<td>IQ value</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 69: Device Process Data Input (JSON object)

Example for the device process data input JSON object

For an IO-Link device:

```json
{
   "getData" : {
      "iolink" : {
         "valid" : true,
         "value" : [12,22,216]
      },
      "iqValue" : false
   }
}
```
Device Process Data Output (JSON object)

Example for the device process data output JSON object:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>setData</td>
<td>Set Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iolink</td>
<td>IO-Link</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iqValue</td>
<td>IQ value</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 70: Device Process Data Output (JSON object)

Example for the device process data output JSON object

For an IO-Link device:

```json
{
    "getData" : {},
    "setData" : {
        "iolink" : {
            "valid" : true,
            "value" : [128,221,134]
        },
        "iqValue" : false
    }
}
```

Device Events (JSON object)

Example for the device events JSON object:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>time</td>
<td>Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>severity</td>
<td>Severity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>origin</td>
<td>Origin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>message</td>
<td>Message</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 71: Device Events (JSON object)

Example for the device events JSON object

```json
[
    {
        "time" : "2018-05-18T07:31:54.123z",
        "severity" : "WARNING",
        "origin" : {
            "master" : 1,
            "port" : 1,
            "device" : "Temp sensor 1",
        },
        "message" : {
            "code" : 16912,
            "mode" : "APPEARS",
            "text" : "Device temperature over-run - Clear source of heat"
        }
    }
]
```
10.3.5 MQTT topics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>(prefix)/iolink/v1/mqtt/configuration</em></td>
<td>Read configuration of MQTT client: Client mode, server address, user name, password, last will, keep alive time For an example, see MQTT Configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>(prefix)/iolink/v1/mqtt/connectionstatus</em></td>
<td>Configuration of MQTT client: Connection status, server address, up time For an example, see MQTT Connection Status.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 72: MQTT topics

You find examples and details about the transferred JSON objects below.

**MQTT Configuration**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>clientMode</td>
<td>Activated: &quot;clientMode&quot;: &quot;ACTIVE&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deactivated: &quot;clientMode&quot;: &quot;INACTIVE&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 73: MQTT Configuration, “JSON key”

Example for the MQTT configuration JSON object:

```json
{
    "clientMode" : "ACTIVE",
    "serverAddress" : "192.168.2.1./mqttserver",
    "username" : "iolink_json",
    "password" : "123456",
    "lastWill" : {
        "topic" : "my temperature sensor",
        "message" : "Process data transfer stopped",
        "qoS" : "0_ONLY_ONCE",
        "retain" : true
    },
    "keepAliveTime" : 0
}
```

**MQTT Connection Status**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JSON key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>connectionStatus</td>
<td>Possible values for &quot;connectionStatus&quot;:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>· CONNECTING</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>· CONNECTION_ACCEPTED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>· CLIENT_INACTIVE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 74: MQTT Connection Status, “JSON key”

Example for the MQTT connection status JSON object:

```json
{
    "connectionStatus" : "CONNECTION_ACCEPTED",
    "serverAddress" : "192.168.2.1./mqttserver",
    "upTime" : 123
}
```
11 Diagnosis

11.1 Diagnosis via LEDs

11.1.1 System LED

The system status LED SYS can assume the states described below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SYS</td>
<td>Duo-LED: yellow RDY / green RUN</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>The firmware is running.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(green)</td>
<td>Blinking</td>
<td>During the formatting of the file system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(yellow)</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>A system error has occurred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(yellow)/ (green)</td>
<td>Blinking, 3x yellow, 3x green</td>
<td>Firmware crash, unrecoverable (an internal exception occurred that cannot be handled)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(gray)</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>• No supply voltage: No supply voltage for the device or hardware defect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• During a firmware reset</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 75: States of the SYS-LED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED state</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Blinking, 3x yellow, 3x green | The LED turns on and off, with a frequency of approx. 1 Hz:  
• 3x yellow "On" for 500 ms and "Off" for 500 ms and  
• 3x green "On" for 500 ms and "Off" for 500 ms. |
| Blinking, yellow/green, 1 Hz, 4 Hz | The LED turns on in phases yellow or green, with a frequency of approx.:  
• 1 Hz: 1 x yellow "On" for 500 ms and 1 x green "On" for 500 ms,  
• 4 Hz: 1 x yellow "On" for 125 ms and 1 x green "On" for 125 ms. |

Table 76: Definitions of the states of the SYS LED
11.1.2  APL LED

The application LED APL indicates the internal communication status as described below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>APL</td>
<td>Duo LED red/green/yellow (yellow = red and green simultaneously)</td>
<td>(green) On</td>
<td>The IO-Link Wireless Master firmware is running.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(green) Blinking, 4 Hz</td>
<td>Firmware update mode IO-Link Wireless Master components active: A firmware update is being installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(yellow) On</td>
<td>IO-Link Wireless Master system error during initialization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(red) On</td>
<td>IO-Link Wireless Master critical error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(gray) Off</td>
<td>IO-Link Wireless Master off or not initialized</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 77: APL LED states

11.1.3  Supply voltage status

The supply voltage status LEDs 1L and 2L indicate the states described below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1L</td>
<td>Duo LED red/green</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>1L supply voltage ok</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(green) On</td>
<td></td>
<td>No 1L supply voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2L</td>
<td>Duo LED red/green</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>2L supply voltage ok</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(gray) Off</td>
<td></td>
<td>No 2L supply voltage</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 78: Supply voltage status 1L and 2L
11.1.4 EtherCAT Slave status

The **RUN** and **ERR** LEDs indicate the status of the EtherCAT Slave. The L/A LEDs indicate the status of the Ethernet.

**Communication status EtherCAT**

The following table describes the LED states of the EtherCAT Slave communication status.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RUN</td>
<td>Duo</td>
<td>Position in the</td>
<td>Off INIT: The device is in INIT state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LED</td>
<td>device overview:</td>
<td>(7) Blinking (2.5 Hz) PRE-OPERATIONAL: The device is in PRE-OPERATIONAL state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>red/green</td>
<td>(8) Single flash</td>
<td>SAFE-OPERATIONAL: The device is in SAFE-OPERATIONAL state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>green</td>
<td>Position in the</td>
<td>On OPERATIONAL: The device is in the OPERATIONAL state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(off)</td>
<td>device overview:</td>
<td>(8) Blinking (2.5 Hz) Invalid configuration: General Configuration Error Possible reason: State change commanded by master is impossible due to register or object settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(red)</td>
<td>(8) Single flash</td>
<td>Local error: Slave device application has changed the EtherCAT state autonomously. Possible reason 1: A host watchdog timeout has occurred. Possible reason 2: Synchronization Error, device enters Safe-Operational automatically.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(red)</td>
<td>Double flash</td>
<td>Application watchdog timeout: An application watchdog timeout has occurred. Possible reason: Sync Manager Watchdog timeout.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 79: Communication status EtherCAT Slave

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED state</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blinking (2.5 Hz)</td>
<td>The LED turns on and off with a frequency of 2.5 Hz: “On” for 200 ms, followed by “Off” for 200 ms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single flash</td>
<td>The LED shows one short flash (200 ms) followed by a long “Off” phase (1,000 ms).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double flash</td>
<td>The LED shows a sequence of two short flashes (each 200 ms), separated by a short “Off” phase (200 ms). The sequence is finished by a long “Off” phase (1,000 ms).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 80: Definition LED states communication status
**Ethernet status EtherCAT Slave**

The following table describes the LED states of the EtherCAT Slave Ethernet status.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L/A IN, L/A OUT</td>
<td>LED green</td>
<td>(green) On</td>
<td><strong>Link</strong>: The device is linked to the Ethernet, but does not send/receive Ethernet frames.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ch0: (30), Ch1: (29)</td>
<td></td>
<td>(green) Flickering (load dependent)</td>
<td><strong>Activity</strong>: The device is linked to the Ethernet and sends/receives Ethernet frames.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(off) Off</td>
<td>The device has no link to the Ethernet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ch0: (31), Ch1: (28)</td>
<td>LED yellow</td>
<td>(off) Off</td>
<td>This LED is not used.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 81: Ethernet status EtherCAT Slave**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED state</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flickering (load dependent)</td>
<td>The LED turns on and off with a frequency of approximately 10 Hz to indicate high Ethernet activity: &quot;On&quot; for approximately 50 ms, followed by &quot;Off&quot; for 50 ms. The LED turns on and off in irregular intervals to indicate low Ethernet activity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 82: Definition LED states Ethernet status**
11.1.5 Wireless track status

The wireless track status LEDs **WT1 … WT3** indicate the states for the wireless tracks 1, 2, and 3, as described below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WT1 ... WT3</td>
<td>Duo LED red/green/yellow (yellow = red and green simultaneously)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(green)</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Track operational mode and track service mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(yellow)</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Track inactive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(red)</td>
<td>Blinking</td>
<td>Track error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(gray)</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Track off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 83: Wireless track status WT1 … WT3*

11.1.6 Wireless port status

The wireless port status LEDs **WP01 … WP16** indicate the states for the wireless ports 1 … 16 as described below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WP01 ... WP16</td>
<td>Duo LED red/green/yellow (yellow = red and green simultaneously)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(green)</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Port operational</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(green)</td>
<td>Blinking</td>
<td>Communication ready</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(yellow)</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Pairing success</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(yellow)</td>
<td>Blinking</td>
<td>Port ready</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(red)</td>
<td>Blinking</td>
<td>Port communication lost, pairing timeout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(red)</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Port errors: Pairing wrong slot-type, revision fault, compatibility fault, serial number fault, process data fault, or cycle time fault.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(gray)</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Port inactive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11.2 Diagnosis over IO-Link

11.2.1 Event Qualifier

The Event Qualifier is a bit-coded information about the event.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bit</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bit 3</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>0: Device (remote) 1: Master/Port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bit 0–2</td>
<td>Instance</td>
<td>0: unknown 1–3: reserved 4: Application 5–7: reserved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bit 4–5</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>0: reserved 1: Notification 2: Warning 3: Error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bit 6–7</td>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>0: reserved 1: Event single shot 2: Event disappears 3: Event appears</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 54: Event Qualifier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0x0000</td>
<td>No malfunction</td>
<td>Notification</td>
<td>No action required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0xFF21</td>
<td>Communication to Wireless Device (IO-Link Device is connected to Bridge)</td>
<td>Event</td>
<td>No action required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0xFF22</td>
<td>Communication loss to IO-Link Device (IO-Link Device is disconnected from Bridge)</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check connection from IO-Link Device to the Bridge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0xFFB1</td>
<td>Max Retry error, indicating a packet loss</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>An excessive PER requires a check of the system configuration (ranges, operating channels, etc.).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0xFFB2</td>
<td>IMA timeout</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check connection from IO-Link Device to the Bridge</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 85: Event Qualifier

Table 86: IO-Link Wireless Master Event Codes

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### 11.2.3 IO-Link Device Event Codes (common)

The following table lists standard IO-Link Device Event Codes. For device-specific Event Codes or remedy, use the manual of the used IO-Link Device.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Remedy (common)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0x0000</td>
<td>No malfunction</td>
<td>Notification</td>
<td>No action required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x1000</td>
<td>General malfunction (unknown error)</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>See manual of the used IO-Link Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x1800 – 0x18FF</td>
<td>Vendor-specific</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>See manual of the used IO-Link Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x4000</td>
<td>Temperature fault – overload</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check temperature, find source for overload</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x4210</td>
<td>Device temperature overrun</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Clear source of heat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x4220</td>
<td>Device temperature underrun</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Insulate IO-Link Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x5000</td>
<td>Device hardware fault</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Exchange IO-Link Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x5010</td>
<td>Component malfunction</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Repair or exchange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x5011</td>
<td>Non-volatile memory loss</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check batteries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x5012</td>
<td>Batteries low</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Exchange batteries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x5013</td>
<td>HMI button pressed</td>
<td>Notification</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x5100</td>
<td>General power supply fault</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check availability of power supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x5101</td>
<td>Fuse blown/open</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Exchange fuse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x5110</td>
<td>Primary supply voltage overrun</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Check tolerance of 1L+ voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x5111</td>
<td>Primary supply voltage underrun</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Check tolerance of 1L+ voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x5112</td>
<td>Secondary supply voltage fault (Port Class B)</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Check tolerance of 2L+ voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x6000</td>
<td>Device software fault</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check firmware revision</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x6320</td>
<td>Parameter error</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check data sheet and values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x6321</td>
<td>Parameter missing</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check data sheet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x6350</td>
<td>Parameter changed</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x7700</td>
<td>Wire break of a subordinate device</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check installation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x7701 – 0x770F</td>
<td>Wire break of subordinate device 1 … device 15</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check installation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x7710</td>
<td>Short circuit</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check installation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x7711</td>
<td>Ground fault</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check installation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8C00</td>
<td>Technology-specific application fault</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Reset Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8C01</td>
<td>Simulation active</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Check operational mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8C10</td>
<td>Process variable range overrun – Process Data uncertain</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Check configuration of device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8C20</td>
<td>Measurement range exceeded</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Check application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8C30</td>
<td>Process variable range underrun – Process Data uncertain</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Check configuration of device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8C40</td>
<td>Maintenance required</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Clean</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8C41</td>
<td>Maintenance required</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Refill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8C42</td>
<td>Maintenance required</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Exchange wear and tear parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0x8CA0 – 0x8DFF</td>
<td>Vendor-specific</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>See manual of the used IO-Link Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0xB000 – 0xB0FF</td>
<td>Safety extensions</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>See manual of the used IO-Link Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0xB100 – 0xBFFF</td>
<td>Profile-specific</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>See manual of the used IO-Link Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0xFF91</td>
<td>Internal Data Storage upload request</td>
<td>Notification (single shot)</td>
<td>See manual of the used IO-Link Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event code</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Remedy (common)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0xFFF9</td>
<td>Retry error</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>See manual of the used IO-Link Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any other code</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>See manual of the used IO-Link Device</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Table 87: IO-Link Device Event Codes (common)*
## 12 Technical data

### 12.1 Technical data device

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Product</strong></td>
<td>Part number</td>
<td>1912.112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Model</td>
<td>NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master EtherCAT Slave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Function</td>
<td>IO-Link Master Wireless for EtherCAT with 2 tracks for up to 16 channels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Communication</strong></td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>netX 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Integrated memory</strong></td>
<td>RAM</td>
<td>16 MB SDRAM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FLASH</td>
<td>8 MB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ethernet</strong></td>
<td>Communication</td>
<td>Real-Time Ethernet EtherCAT Slave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ethernet interface</strong></td>
<td>Interface type</td>
<td>100BASE-TX, 10BASE-T, isolated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Auto-negotiation, Auto crossover</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Connectors</td>
<td>X31: Ethernet interface, M12, D-coded, EtherCAT port 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X32: Ethernet interface, M12, D-coded, EtherCAT port 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>LEDs</strong></td>
<td>System and application</td>
<td>SYS, System status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>APL, Application status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Power supply</td>
<td>1L (X21), 1L power supply (DC 24 V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2L (X21), 2L power supply (DC 24 V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EtherCAT communication</td>
<td>RUN, Run status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ERR, Error status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ethernet</td>
<td>LINK (X31), Link status, connector X31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACT (X31), Activity status, connector X31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>LINK (X32), Link status, connector X32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACT (X32), Activity status, connector X32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wireless tracks</td>
<td>WT01 … WT03, IO-Link wireless track status, antenna X1 … X3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wireless ports</td>
<td>WP01 … WP08, Port status, wireless IO-Link ports 1 to 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>WP09 … WP16, Port status, wireless IO-Link ports 9 to P16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Power supply 1L, 2L</td>
<td>Voltage supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Power consumption</td>
<td>1L: 0.2 A (at 24 V DC), 2L: 0.1 A (at 24 V DC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Connectors</td>
<td>X21: Power supply input (Power In), M12, L-coded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X22: Power supply output (Power Out), M12, L-coded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Power consumption (power connectors)</td>
<td>Max. 16 A, Max. current of the device including pass through must not exceed 16 A for 1L and 2L. Observe derating for the maximum current depending on the ambient temperature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Revers polarity protection</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category</td>
<td>Parameter</td>
<td>Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient conditions</td>
<td>Ambient temperature (operation), Air flow, during measurement</td>
<td>-25 °C ... +70 °C, V ≤ 0,5 m/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ambient temperature (storage)</td>
<td>-40 °C ... +85 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Max. temperature change</td>
<td>3 K / min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Humidity</td>
<td>5 … 95% relative humidity, no condensation permitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Operating height</td>
<td>0 … 2000 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Over voltage category</td>
<td>II (EN 60664-1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device</td>
<td>Dimensions (L x W x H)</td>
<td>200 x 30 x 20 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>Plastics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>212 g, with 3 antennas: 227 g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mounting/installation</td>
<td>Screw mounting, with 2x M4 screws to the 2 mounting holes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The upper screw makes contact to FE (functional earth).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tightening torque</td>
<td>1.2 Nm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Protection class</td>
<td>IP67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conformity</td>
<td>RoHS</td>
<td>EN IEC 63000:2018 / BS EN IEC 63000:2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compliance with EMC</td>
<td>CE sign</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>UKCA sign</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approvals</td>
<td>FCC</td>
<td>FCC ID: 2ANEG002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ISED</td>
<td>IC ID: 24152-0002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RED</td>
<td>Certificate: In preparation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firmware download</td>
<td>Web pages</td>
<td>netFIELD Wireless Web Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration</td>
<td>Software</td>
<td>EtherCAT Master, netFIELD Wireless Web Server, IO-Link ET</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 88: Technical data NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Product data</td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Wifi Antenna 2.4G rubber antenna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Model</td>
<td>TLW2.5A-SMA-Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Monopole whip antenna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Manufacturer</td>
<td>Silram Technologies Ltd., Kfar Saba, Israel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical specs</td>
<td>Frequency Range</td>
<td>2400-2500 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gain</td>
<td>1.6 dBi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Polarization</td>
<td>Vertical</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Radiation</td>
<td>Omni</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mechanical specs</td>
<td>Connector</td>
<td>Regular SMA-Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Height</td>
<td>25.6 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 89: Technical data SMA antenna
12.2 Technical data IO-Link Wireless Master

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tracks and IO-Link Devices</td>
<td>2 wireless tracks for up to 16 IO-Link Devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radio frequencies</td>
<td>RFch (RF channel center frequency): 2403 … 2478 MHz (wireless channels 3 – 78, configurable). The IO-Link Wireless Master uses the frequencies (wireless channels) 2401 (1), 2402 (2), 2479 (79), 2480 (80) for network configurations purposes and cannot be configured for communication purposes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range of the wireless function</td>
<td>Max. 10 m distance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Masters per cell</td>
<td>Max. 3 masters within a circle of 20 m diameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antennas</td>
<td>3 SMA antennas</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 90: Technical data IO-Link Wireless Master

12.3 Technical data protocol

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum number of cyclic input data</td>
<td>529 bytes, including status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum number of cyclic output data</td>
<td>512 bytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acyclic communication (CoE)</td>
<td>SDO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Complex Slave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supported protocols</td>
<td>CoE Emergency messages (CoE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ethernet over EtherCAT (EoE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>File Access over EtherCAT (FoE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supported state machine</td>
<td>ESM (EtherCAT State Machine)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supported synchronization mode</td>
<td>Freerun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distributed clocks (DC)</td>
<td>Supported with 32-bit time stamp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethernet interface</td>
<td>Two Ethernet interfaces 100BASE-TX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Integrated dual PHY (supports Auto-Negotiation and Auto-Crossover)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data transport layer</td>
<td>Ethernet II, IEEE 802.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restrictions</td>
<td>ESC - EtherCAT Slave Controller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• No DC latch function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• No support for bit-wise FMMU mapping (Exception: Fill Status of Transmit Mailbox)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Restricted DC sync signal generation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– Single shot mode is not supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– Acknowledge mode is not supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Restricted DC control function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– No adjustment of the registers &quot;Speed Counter Start&quot; (0x0930:0x931)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– Register &quot;Speed Counter Diff&quot; (0x0932:0x933) is not shown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• No access from the EtherCAT Master to MIO (PHY Management Interface)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• &quot;Physical Read-Write commands&quot; (APRW, FPRW, BRW) are not supported.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 91: Technical data EtherCAT Slave
12.4 Technical data netFIELD Wireless Web Server

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HTTP</td>
<td>HTTP/1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connections</td>
<td>Max. 8 simultaneous connections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>One connection is being processed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JavaScript</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTPS</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 92: Technical Data Web Server

12.5 OPC UA Server

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OPC UA Server</td>
<td>According to &quot;IO-Link Companion Specification&quot;:  <a href="http://opcfoundation.org/UA/IOLink/">http://opcfoundation.org/UA/IOLink/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vendor-specific information model: <a href="http://www.hilscher.com/UA/IOLink/Wireless">http://www.hilscher.com/UA/IOLink/Wireless</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server profile</td>
<td>Micro Embedded Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protocol</td>
<td>OPC UA TCP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User access</td>
<td>Anonymous (Read access only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>User name / password (Read and write access)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of sessions</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number subscriptions per session</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number „Monitored Items“ per session</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data coding</td>
<td>UA binary</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 93: OPC UA Server

12.6 MQTT Client

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MQTT</td>
<td>Client</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Client services</td>
<td>Publish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protocols</td>
<td>MQTT over TCP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topic size</td>
<td>Max. 256 bytes individually per MQTT publication and up to 256 bytes of common topic prefix of the associated MQTT connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topics</td>
<td>Topic: Printable UTF-8 string, NUL-terminated, multi-byte encoding (MBCS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Payload: JSON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Will Topic</td>
<td>Max. 256 bytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality of Service</td>
<td>QoS 0, QoS 1, and QoS 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP standard</td>
<td>IPv4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port</td>
<td>1883 (default), MQTT unencrypted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MQTT standard</td>
<td>V3.1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restriction</td>
<td>The Subscribe service is not supported.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 94: Technical data MQTT Client
13 Dimensions

13.1 Dimensions netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master device

![Diagram of netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master device dimensions]

**Tolerance**

The overall tolerance of the dimensions is ± 0.2 mm.

Figure 55: Dimensions NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM\W device
14 Approvals

14.1 FCC/ISED

**CAUTION:** Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user’s authority to operate the equipment.

**The FCC Wants You to Know**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

**FCC Warning**

Hilscher Gesellschaft für Systemautomation mbH has not approved any changes or modifications to this device by the user. Any changes or modifications could void the user’s authority to operate the equipment.

**ISED Warning**

Hilscher Gesellschaft für Systemautomation mbH n’approuve aucune modification apportée à l’appareil par l’utilisateur, quelle qu’en soit la nature. Tout changement ou modification peuvent annuler le droit d’utilisation de l’appareil par l’utilisateur.

**Interference statement**

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.
Wireless notice

This device complies with FCC/ISED radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment and meets the FCC radio frequency (RF) Exposure Guidelines and RSS-102 of the ISED radio frequency (RF) Exposure rules. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Le présent appareil est conforme à l'exposition aux radiations FCC / ISED définies pour un environnement non contrôlé et répond aux directives d'exposition de la fréquence de la FCC radiofréquence (RF) et RSS-102 de la fréquence radio (RF) ISED règles d'exposition. L'émetteur ne doit pas être colocalisé ni fonctionner conjointement avec à autre antenne ou autre émetteur.
15 Appendix

15.1 References

IO-Link Wireless

IO-Link
IO-Link Community, JSON Integration for IO-Link, Specification, Version 1.0.0, March 2020, Order No: 10.222

Documentation on Wireless Bridge

Safety standards

15.2 Conventions in this manual

Instructions
1. Operation purpose
2. Operation purpose
   - Instruction

Results
- Intermediate result
- Final result

Signal words

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signal word</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="DANGER" /></td>
<td>Indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="WARNING" /></td>
<td>Indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="CAUTION" /></td>
<td>Indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="NOTICE" /></td>
<td>Indicates a property damage message.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 95: Signal words

Signs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sign</th>
<th>Note</th>
<th>Safety sign</th>
<th>Warning, principle</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="arrow" /></td>
<td>General note</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="warning" /></td>
<td>Warning of hazardous voltage! Danger to life, risk of injury by electric shock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="exclamation" /></td>
<td>Important note to be followed to rule out malfunctions</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="warning" /></td>
<td>Warning of hot surface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="info" /></td>
<td>Note for further information</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="warning" /></td>
<td>Caution is necessary when operating the device.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 96: Signs
15.3 Directives and standards

The following table lists the directives and standards applicable to the netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master EtherCAT Slave NFD-3090-ECS-IOLM \W device.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Directives/ statutory instrument</th>
<th>European Union</th>
<th>United Kingdom</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Emission</td>
<td>EN IEC 61000-6-3</td>
<td>BS EN IEC 61000-6-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services</td>
<td>ETSI EN 301489-1 V2.2.3</td>
<td>ETSI EN 301489-1 V2.2.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Part 17: Specific conditions for Broadband Data Transmission Systems</td>
<td>ETSI EN 301489-17 V3.2.4</td>
<td>ETSI EN 301489-17 V3.2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human exposure restrictions for electromagnetic fields</td>
<td>EN IEC 62311:2020, EN 62479:2010 (German Version)</td>
<td>BS EN IEC 62311:2020, BS EN 62479:2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunity</td>
<td>EN 61000-6-2:2019-11</td>
<td>BS EN 61000-6-2:2019-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Electrostatic discharge (ESD) (air and contact discharge method)</td>
<td>EN 61000-4-2</td>
<td>BS EN 61000-4-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Radiated immunity</td>
<td>EN 61000-4-3</td>
<td>BS EN 61000-4-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Fast transient interferences (Burst)</td>
<td>EN 61000-4-4</td>
<td>BS EN 61000-4-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Surge immunity</td>
<td>EN 61000-4-5</td>
<td>BS EN 61000-4-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Conducted immunity</td>
<td>EN 61000-4-6</td>
<td>BS EN 61000-4-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General EMC Standards</td>
<td>ETSI EN 300328 V2.2.2</td>
<td>ETSI EN 300328 V2.2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety standards</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Table 97: Directives and standards netFIELD IO-Link Wireless Master device |
15.4 Legal notes

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Glossary

**DCP**
Discovery and basic configuration protocol: Protocol for identifying and configuring devices, which is defined within the PROFINET specification.

**DHCP**
Dynamic host configuration protocol: protocol simplifying the configuration of IP networks by automatically assigning IP addresses.

**DHCP server**
Provides the assignment of IP address via DHCP protocol as a service to other network participants and facilitates the IP address assignment essentially.

**ESI**
EtherCAT Slave Information: The ETG.2000 EtherCAT Slave Information specification describes the structure of XML files, which are used to configure EtherCAT master devices.

**EtherCAT**
Ethernet for Control Automation Technology: communication system for Industrial Ethernet designed and developed by Beckhoff Automation GmbH, Verl, Germany.

**EtherCAT Master**
Device responsible for configuration and parameterization of: an EtherCAT segment, the controllers of all devices within this segment and all services for cyclic process data exchange, mailbox operation and diagnosis.

**EtherCAT Slave**
Device which is configured by the EtherCAT master, receives data telegrams containing output data, executes commands issued by the EtherCAT master and provides input and status data.

**IODD**
IO Device Description: Describes sensors and actuators with an IO-Link communication interface.

**IO-Link**
Communication system to connect intelligent sensors and actuators to an automation system standardized in the IEC 61131-9 under the name Single-drop digital communication interface for small sensors and actuators (SDCI).

**IO-Link wireless**
Extension of the IO-Link base technology for IO-Link wireless communication according to the IO-Link Wireless System Specification.

**IP**
Internet Protocol: Belongs to the TCP/IP family of protocols and is defined in RFC791 (available on http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc791.txt). It is based on layer 3 of the ISO/OSI 7 layer model of networking and is a connectionless protocol, i.e. you do not need to open a connection to a computer before sending an IP data packet to it. Therefore, IP is not able to guarantee that the IP data packets really arrive at the recipient. On IP level, neither the correctness of data nor the consistence and completeness are checked. IP defines special addressing mechanisms; see IP address.

**IP address**
Identifies a device or a computer within an IP-based network and is defined in the Internet Protocol Version 4 (IPv4) as a 32-bit number. For ease of notation the address is usually divided into four 8-bit numbers represented in decimal notation and separated by points: a.b.c.d. Each letter stands for an integer value between 0 and 255,
e.g. 192.168.30.16. However, not all combinations are allowed, some are reserved for special purposes. The IP address 0.0.0.0 is defined as invalid.

**ISDU**
Indexed Service Data Unit: Used for acyclic transmission of parameters (IO-Link wireless communication)

**MAC-ID**
Media Access Control-ID: unique (physical) Ethernet address of the device on delivery, defined as 48 bit number; for ease of notation it is divided into six 8 bit numbers which are represented in hexadecimal notation and separated by "minus"-signs (-): A-B-C-D-E-F (A-B-C-D-E-F each are integer values between 0 and 0xFF=255), Example:00-02-A2-20-91-18

**MQTT**
Message Queuing Telemetry Transport: Publish-subscribe based "light weight" M2M (machine to machine) messaging protocol for use on top of the TCP/IP protocol and for telemetry data transmission with a very low footprint. As protocol of the Internet of Things (IoT), it has been standardized by OASIS (Organization for the Advancement of Structured Information Standards) since 2013. Additional features: Ease of use, efficient use of resources, security mechanisms, support for several cloud systems, session-aware, data-agnostic (i.e. flexible structures allow to transmit multiple types of information)

**netFIELD**
Technology platform for the industry 4.0 integration of field devices and sensors developed by Hilscher Gesellschaft für Systemautomation mbH

**OPC UA**
Open Platform Communications Unified Architecture; is a platform-independent standard through which various kinds of systems and devices can communicate by sending Messages between Clients and Servers over various types of networks. It supports robust, secure communication that assures the identity of Clients and Servers and resists attacks.

**OPC UA Server for netPROXY**
Task-based firmware component integrating the open source project open62541 stack, as well as an additional layer from Hilscher as netPROXY package.

**PELV**
Protective Extra Low Voltage with safe disconnection

**PER**
Packet Error Ratio

**PLC**
Programmable Logic Controller: Industrial digital computer for the control of manufacturing processes

**QR code**
Quick response code according ISO/IEC 18004 standard. A type of two-dimensional barcode that can use up to 4000 alphanumeric characters, often used with smartphone camera.

**SELV**
Safety Extra Low Voltage

**SMI**
Standard Master Interface

**SYNC**
Sychronisation Cycle of the Master

**UUID**
Universally Unique Identifier
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